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Shas favours Likud-led cabinet

TEL AVIV (AP) — The orthodox Shas party, viewed as the key 10 Israel's next government, is leaning towards firming a cabinet with the hardline Likud bloc, a spokesman said Tuesday. "There is a strong tendency to go with Likud, but the question is still not clear or final. It is still in the negotiating stage," Moshe Peretz, the brother of Shas leader rabbi Yitzhak Peretz, told foreign reporters. The four-member council of Torah Sages, led by Shas' spiritual guide rabbi Ovadia Yosef, would convene Sarurday night to make a decisinn which would be annunced to President Chaim Herzog Sunday, be said. Herzog is in decide if Prime Minsiter Yitzhak Shamir's Likud or the Labour Party led by Foreign Minister Shimon Peres are able to put together a majority coalition. Some in Shas said, however, that the party was leaning towards a Labour-led government, to be joined by Likud later. "A narrow Labour-led government is only a start," Arye Deri, a Shas leader, said on Israel Army radio. "I have no doubt that Likud will join this government afterwards and it will become a broad-based government.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

AROUND THE WORLD...

Klibi to continue Arab tour

TUNIS (R) --- Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi will resume his tour of Arab capitals within two days for further consultations on proposed Arab action on the Lebanese government crisis, n league spokesman said Tuesday. Klibi has already visited most of the league member states in the east of the Arab World and wili now visit Libya, Algeria, Morocco and Mauritanía, he added. The secretary-general will then go back to Saudi Arabia, Syria and the United Arah Emirates.

Hirohito suffers worst crisis

TOKYO (R) - Emperor Hirohito suffered the worst crisis of his eight-week fight for life Tuesday and his doctors expressed concern about his chances for survival. "It's the (emperor's) worst condition, palace spokesman Kenji Maeda told reporters. The 87-year-old emperor's blood pressure — considered hy many doctors the most important indicator of his health — dropped late Tuesday afternoon to its lowest point since he collapsed Sept. 19.

Pakistani court strikes out ID card

LAHORE (R) — A Pakistani provincial court struck out a requirement that electors need identity cards to vnte in next week's election but state television said the government would appeal to the supreme court. The judgement by Punjah province bigh court Tuesday was the third legal victory for Benazir Bbutto's Pakistan People's Party nver the Nov. 16 poll.

Britain, Iran to restore links soon

LONDON (AP) - Britain and Iran are on the verge of upgrading diplomatic relations but further high-level talks are needed before an accord can be reached, the Foreign Office said Tuesday. The dnmestic news agency Press Association quoted unidentified diplomats in London as saying a senior Foreign Office official, Sir David Myers, is expected to fly to Vienna soon for talks with an Iranian counterpart, Mahmoud Vaezi. Vaezi, the Iranian foreign minister's directorgeneral for European affairs, arrived Monday in Vienna for a third round of British-Iranian negotiations since August.

6,700 Ugandan refugees return home

KAMPALA (AP) --- At least 6,700 Ugandan refugees have returned home from the southern Sudan town of Yei in a convoy of 93 trucks, state radio reported Tuesday. Radio Uganda quoted a United Nations official as saying the refugees, some of whom fled Uganda during the rule of ousted dictator Idi Amin in the 1970s, arrived in the town of Arna Sunday.

Soviet shuttle launch scheduled soon

MOSCOW (AP) - The Soviet Union, whose initial attempt to launch a space shuttle was scrubbed because of a last-minute technical malfunction, will try again in the next few days. Radio Moscow reported Tuesday. The radio said in news broadcast that the shuttle orbiter Buran (Snowstorm) and booster rocket Energia were in launch position at the Baikonur space center on the steppes of Soviet

Priest denies wanting to kili Jugnauth

PORT LOUIS (R) - The Hindn priest whn pointed a revolver at Prime Minister Sir Anerood Juguanth has told police he wanted to frighten the congregation but not to kill the prime minister, Mauritanian newspaper reported Tuesday. Jugnauth was unhurt in the incident at a Hindu temple last Sunday, during which Sadhanund Sembhoo, 68, seized the prime minister, pinned him to his chair and threatened him with a revolver.

Sri Lanka advises tourists to leave

COLOMBO (AP) - Hotels in the Kalutara beach resort district hurriedly evacuated more than 2,000 tourists Tuesday because of threats purportedly issued by Sinhalese radicals, hotel staffers said. The majority of the tourists were West Germans, and most of the others were British, French and Italians, according to hotel management staffers in Kalutara and foreign diplomats in Colombe. The staffers said 10 hotels in the Kalutara district 42 kilometres south of Colombo, received leaflets and telephone calls early Tuesday threatening an attack on the resorts unless the tourists left.

Typhoon batters Philippines

MANILA (R) - At least 49 people were feared killed and more than 100,000 fled their homes as typhoon Skip pummelled the Philippines, triggering landslides and floods, nificials said Tuesday. Rooftop-high floods swept through villages in Capiz and Camarines Sur provinces, relief officials said, as the second destructive typhoon to hit the country in two weeks battered the central region with 175 kilometres-

Greek prosecutor seeks extradition

ATHENS (AP) - A supreme court prosecutor Tuesday called for the extradition of a Palestinian wanted by the United States for the 1982 bombing of a Panam jetliner. The president of the five-member supreme court panel said after the four-hour hearing that a decision on Mohammad Rashid would be issued next Tuesday.

Somalia: Displaced people return

NAIROBI (R) - Somalis who fled their northern homes during this 'year's civil war are starting to return, Radio Mogadishu said Tuesday. The radio quoted Interior Minister Mohammad Abdullahi Baadleh as saying displaced people were starting to return and that more are expected to follow. Baadleh has just returned from a tour of the north and said that the government had started rebuilding the cities of Hargeisa and Burao.

Dhaka offers near autonomy to tribes

KHAGRACHHARI, Bangladesh (R) --- Bangladesh has offered near autonomy to Chittagong hill tracts to halt a 15-year guerrilla war which has killed more than 1,500 people. "What we have got now is a near autonomy and the best that we can hope for," tribal leader Upendra Lai Chakma told a raily of some 50,000 people Tuesday. Chakma, a former member of parliament regarded as the most influential tribal leader, said the 14,200-square-kilometre hill tracts would be ruled by a council. Tribesmen would be guaranteed a two-thirds majority and a tribal chairman.

South Sudanese to join talks

KHARTOUM (R) - Delegates from rebel-hit southern Sudan will take part in peace talks between the Democratic Unionist Party (DUP) and guerrillas, the DUP said Tuesday. The DUP, part of Prime Minsiter Sadeq Al Mahdi's coalition government, said two southern non-DUP delegates would join the talks with the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) in Addis Ababa Friday. "We want the SPLA to know that the peace initiative enjoys a broad-based spectrum of support within Sudan," a DUP official told Reuters.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan takes the oath as Regent before His Majesty King Hussein's

departure on a visit to the Arab Gulf Tuesday

Kanaan: No change in essential commodities

AMMAN (J.T.) — The recent economic measures adopted by the government do not entail any ban on essential commodities imported by the Ministry of Supply and only apply to luxury goods which the country already has sufficient quantities to last for nearly two years, Minister of Supply Abdul Salam Kanaan said

Through the new bans the government hopes to save at least \$200 million during the next year and this saving is bound to benefit the national economy as a whole, the minister said in a statement to Jordan Television and the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

He said the Ministry of Supply had made available sufficient quantities of food supplies and the Kingdom maintains a strategic store of food that can last for at least six months. The Ministry of Supply considers the following commodities as staple food: Wheat, sugar, rice, dried milk, dairy products, barley, corn, fresh lean meat, frozen meat, poultry meat, lentils, chick peas and olive oil.

The minister said the Ministry of Supply would maintain these commodities at their current

The minister said that apart from the staple foods imported by the Ministry of Supply there is another category of products like tea, cooking fat, Soya oil etc. Prices of these items are not fixed by the ministry but a ceiling of price is fixed by the ministry. Traders violating these limits are liable for prosecution.

Kanaan said a number of commodities had vanished from the market, "The government is taking the matter seriously and will impose strict penalties on manipulators," he said.

Tabbaa urges austerity Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tabbaa Tuesday urged the citizens to adopt changes in their patterns of living and to

(Continued on page 5)

Public cautioned against counterfeit currency

AMMAN (Petra) - Counterfeit currency has been found in the country and the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Tuesday issued an appeal to the public to belp spot and report any forged notes. A CBJ statement said that counterfeit notes of different foreign currencies, particularly American banknotes of \$100 denomination, had lately been discovered and seized while being sold to a financial

The CBJ statement advised members of the public to be on the looknut for counterfeit money and to report any discovery to the security departments and the Central Bank immediately.

U.S. elects 41st president

tial campaign drew to a close Tuesday as Americans voted to choose a successor to President Ronald Reagan, with Michael Dukakis predicting an upset victory over George Bush to become the 41st president of the U.S.

Bush, the Republican vicepresident, held a lead in voter surveys - from four to 11 percentage points ahead of Democrat Dukakis - after more than a year of campaigning that left both candidates exhausted. Spending well over \$100 mil-

lion in the most expensive presidential race ever, Bush and Dukakis engaged in a campaign unsurpassed in negative advertising as they tried to capture a four-year term as president. The bitterness was evident, too, in opinion polls where many prospective voters expressed displeasure at the nasty tone.

Bush, trying to follow the popular Reagan into the White House on the theme of continuing eight years of "peace and prosperity" fostered by the Republicans, cast his ballot Tuesday morning in Houston, his official residence.

Emerging from the voting booth, Bush was asked how he felt. "Nervous... everytime I vote here. I feel nervous," he said. Asked about the outcome, he replied, "No predictions."

The vice-president also showed off his French to a reporter from France. "Je peux parler un peu de Français," be said, explaining he could speak the language a

WASHINGTON (AP) — A heureux, aujourd'bui," or "very but we're going to be doing the celebrating," Dukakis told sever-

spent a sleepless night in a flight from California to Boston, that 'ence." included stops in Iowa and Miehigan. The Democratic nominee was publicly optimistic as he cast his ballot at a hometown bousing project.

"I voted for Mike Dukakis and Lloyd Bentsen and I'm proud of it," the Massachusetts governor hooth. Bentsen is his vice-pres-

idential running mate. At a Boston airport welcomehome rally, Dukakis, 55, told his audience to expect the unex-

"I think tonight we're not only going to surprise a few people, crat, in 1836.

Battling for an upset, Dukakis al bundred cheering supporters. "It's been an incredible experi-

Bush, 64, was the clear winner when the 38 voters of Dixville notcb, New Hampshire, followed long-standing tradition and cast their hallots at midnight (0500 GMT). Their votes, the first counted, were 34 for Bush, three for Dukakis and one write-in said after leaving the polling ballot for former Republican candidate Congressman Jack Kemp of New York.

If that trend continued, Bush would become the first incumbent vice-president to be elected president in 150 years. The last was Martin van Buren, a Demo-

Iran, Iraq agree on limited PoW swap Aziz relayed the decision to ICRC

GENEVA (Agencies) — Iraq and Iran agreed Tuesday to an immediate exchange of sick and wounded prisoners of war (PoWs) the first tangible progress in their peace talks since a ceasefire in the

Gulf war took effect in August. Both sides said it was np to the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to arrange the swap, which will involve no more than a few thousand prisoners, as soon as possible.

traq said in a statement in Geneva that it was accepting an Iranian proposal to exchange the prisnners on bnmanitarian little. He added he felt "tres grounds. Foreign Minister Tareq

President Cornelio Sommaruga. "The president told me that be will dn this best so that this operation will take place as soon as possible," Aziz told reporters

after the meeting. Iran's chief negntiator nn PoWs. Ataollah Mohajerani, confirmed that the exchange could go ahead. "It now depends on the Red Cross to arrange the timing," he told the Iranian news agency IRNA in Geneva.

Aziz said the repatriation would initially apply to 4II Iranians held

(Continued on page 5)

Stakes hiked in Kampuchea talks

FERE-EN-TARDĖNOIS, France (R) - Kampuchean raised the stakes in faltering talks on securing peace for his country hy playing his strongest card - Paris ended on a disconsolate fears of a Khmer Rouge com-

eback, negotiators said Tuesday. The 37-year-old Vietnamesebacked premier has insisted on tough measures to prevent a return to power by the Khmer Rouge, hiamed for the death of one million Kampucheans during their four-year rule, they said.

"Hun Sen bas not bardened his stand... but from time to time people raise their bids," said a Sann were due to meet briefly ever since.

Prime Minister Hun Sen has of the other participants in the

Talks at a luxury hotel outside note Monday as Sibanouk and another resistance leader. Son Sann, acknowledged they still did not agree with the Phnom Penh government on the main issues dividing them.

But Sihanouk's spokesman, his son Norodom Ranariddh, said the talks bad made some headway.

Hun Sen, Sihanouk and Son

spokesman for resistance leader Prince Norodom Sibanouk, one Tuesday to sign a joint statement setting up a Paris-hased working group to study the Kampuchean problem and calling for an international conference, Ranariddh

> The Khmer Rouge were not represented at the talks. Son Sann took part for the first time. Vietnam toppled the Khmer

Rouge after sending its army into Kampuchea in January 1979 and installed a new government in Phnom Penh which Hun Sen now heads. Guerrillas have been fighting the Vietnamese troops and the Phnom Penh government

King reviews Arab issues with leaders of Kuwait, Bahrain

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein held talks with the leaders of Kuwait and Bahrain Tuesday on the first day of a visit to the Arab Gulf states for consultations on the situation in the Arab region and the latest developments in Iran-Iraq peace talks, Lebanon, the ongoing Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories.

The King began the visit in countries Wednesday. Kuwait, where he held talks with Emir Sbeikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabab, before flying on to Bahrain for similar discussions with Emir Sheikh Isa Ibn Salman Al Khalifa.

The governments of the Sultanate of Oman and Qatar and bilateral relations. announced Tuesday that the King was expected to visit the two seen off at Kuwait airport by ambassador to Jordan.

The Jordan News Agency, Pet-

with Sheikh Jaber and Sheikh Isa covered the Iran-Iraq peace Armed Forces Commander-in-

The King was received and ary officials and the Kuwaiti

Sheikb Jaber and senior Kuwaiti officials while Sheikh Isa and senior Bahraini officials received His Majesty at Bahraini airport.

Upon departure from Amman, the King was seen off hy His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, who was sworn in to serve as Regent during the King's absence. Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Qasem, Court Minister ra, said the King's discussions Adnan Ahu Odeb, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, negotiations, the Palestinian up- Chief Field Marshal Sbarif Zaid rising, the situation in Lehanon. Ibn Shaker, the King's Private developments in the Arab World Chamberlain Prince Ali Ibn Nayef and senior civil and milit-

Arab protesters battle Israeli forces in Taibe

TAIBE (Agencies) — Hundreds the man when be tried to stop the appeal of 14 prisoners to be of stone-throwing Palestinians them from arresting a boy susbattled Israeli police Tuesday pected of throwing stones.
during one of the higgest protests Israeli army chief, Lieutenant-Palestinian uprising erupted in the occupied West Bank and Gaza 11 months ago.

the streets to demonstrate against the demolition by police Mooday of 15 buildings erected allegedly without permits in Taibe, a town of 14,000 at the edge of the West Bank.

"This is not an isolated incident," Tewfik Zayyad, an Arab member of the Israeli parliament, said of the demolitions. "This is an escalation of the so-called iron-fist against the Israeli Arabs.

Police fired tear-gas to disperse demonstrators who set up roadblocks, hurned tyres and burled stones at them. They made 10

Journalists watched while urged that the camp, where hun-police beat and kieked a man in dreds of Palestinians bave been a nearby Jewish settlement. his 60s who struggled with them. detained, be rebuilt. Witnesses said police closed on

in an Israeli Arah town since the General Dan Shomron, Monday forecast anti-Israeli protests would surge this month if a scheduled meeting of the Palestine Townspeople observed a National Council (PNC) declares general protest strike and took to an independent Palestinian state. Troops this week have arrested

dozens of suspects in the occupied territories to pre-empt pro-tests before the PNC meeting, due to be beld in Algiers Saturday.

In the Gaza Strip, troops sbot Arabs. and wounded eight Palestinian demonstrators, Arab sources Israel's supreme court recom-

mended Tuesday that the army unprove conditions and relieve overcrowding at the Ketziot prison camp in the Nagib desert, Itim news agency reported.

Chief justice Meir Shamgar

transferred to a jail in the occupied territories, Itim said.

Israel's interior ministry ordered the demolition of the Taibe buildings which it said were constructed on agricultural land without building permits. Israeli Arabs say the government does not grant them enough permits for their expanding population.

Arab local council heads, parliamentarians and religious leaders were to meet in emergency session amid demands to call a general strike by Israel's 600,000

Israeli Arabs held a general strike in December 1987 in solidarity with the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip and in March on the anniversary of

Israeli seizure of Arah land. Israeli troops maintained a curfew on the West Bank village of Tamoun after they destroyed the house of a Palestinian who stab-

a nearby Jewish settlement. The Palestinian was bimself The court, bowever, rejected shot dead by another soldier.

Zanoun: PNC to declare state but no provisional government

ABU DHABI (Agencies) — The deputy speaker of the Palestine Narional Council (PNC) said

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat to meeting would include the PNC's the Gulf leaders.

The messages related to the 32 Palestinians representing the Tuesday that a council session scheduled this month would declare an independent Palestinian state, but postpone establishing a provisional government.
"The PNC will... determine

the proper time for announcing the provisional government and forming it," Salim Al Zanoun told the AP in an interview Zannun, like several other Pale-

stine Liheration Organisation (PLO) officials, confirmed that the long-delayed PNC meeting would end with a declaration of independence for the West Bank and Gaza Strip as the state of

Arah Emirates after a visit to Qatar, delivering messages from another interview that the Algiers

proposals on the agenda of the West Bank and Gaza. PNC and the Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories," he said.

He said the proposed Palestinian state "will be ready to adopt a positive stand... (to) exert all possible efforts to reach a peaceful solution to the Arab-Israeli struggle in the (proposed) international conference for peace in the Middle East."

Asked about international recognition for an independent state, he said: "Deelaring an independent country does not need recognition, hut declaring a provisional government does, and tbe Palestinian leadership will Zanoun arrived in the United take this into consideration."

Zanoun told Reuters in

PLO officials had said the PNC's other option at Algiers would be to demand that the West Bank and Gaza Strip be put under a United Nations mandate

for a short period. Zanoun said an international mandate would be the best option for the PLO, hut added: "We are sure the United States will veto any decision in this respect and this made us hesitate on wagering

With four days to go before the PNC meets in Algiers, Palestinian leaders were holding lastminute talks in Tunis Tuesday on details of the political initiative they want the council to endorse.

(Continued on page 5)

Maldives hostages return home

MALE (Agencies) — Thirteen hostages who were seized by mercenaries after an unsuccessful coup attempt in the Maldives returned to Male Tuesday, offi-

Their return marked the end of a 56-hour ordeal that began with last week's assault by the Sri Lankan mercenaries, who grabbed the hostages and fled the island nation in boats after Indian troops came to the aid of Maldivian President Maulmoon Abdul Gayoom's lightly armed militia.

The main escape ship, the M.V. Progress Light, which carried mercenaries and hostages, surrendered Sunday to Indian troops about 100 kilometres off the coast of Sri Lanka after being crippled by depth charges.

A total of 34 hostages were

cials said seven were killed, while until captured Sunday by com-14 injured hostages were flown to India Sunday for treatment. In addition to the hostages, the

Indian frigate Godavari brought back 65 mercenaries and two Maldivians to stand trial. The hostages, after being

greeted by Gayoom and reunited with their families, were wbisked away without talking to newsmen.

In the South Indian city Trivandrum, where the wounded were being treated, word began to filter out of the harrowing ordeal undergone by the hostages on the passage light.

The freighter was seized by the day to escape Male when their attempt failed. Progress Light was shadowed across the Indian seized by the mercenaries. Offi- Ocean by Indian navy frigates last week's coup attent.

mandos landed from helicopters.

"Every time the Indian navy threatened to open fire, the hostages were brought on deck and lined up," said Air Marshal G. Sen in Trivandrum. "This happened about 20 times."

Major Mohammad Zahir of the Maldivian National Security Service said all those captured were Sri Lankan Tamils, with the exception of two Maldivians -Abdullah Luthufi, an aide to former President Ibrahim Nasir, and husinessman Sagar Nasir.

Sagar Nasir was not believed to be related to ex-President Ibrahim Nasir, Gayoom's predecessor Sri Lankan mercenaries early Fri- and a suspect in previous coun attempts against Gayoom.

Ibrahim Nasir, who lives Singapore, denied any involvement in

By Ernst A. Knauf

and Heinz Gaube

Rise of the 'proto-bedouin'

Editor's note: The following is the first of a two part series, reprinted with permission from The Dubai Handbook (Institute for Applied Economic Geography. Ahrensburg, West Germany. 1987). The authors, both scholars from West Germany, have worked extensively in Jordan during the past

Roots of Arab

THE ROOTS of every civilisation lie in the land and its people. It is the land that provides -- or denies — resources and potential for human life, and the people who use and shape that potential. According to a view that is still widely beld, all Semitic people originated from Arabia. Yet archaeological evidence contradicts this view. When literary sources first appear in the third millennium BC. Greater Syria (Bilad ash Sham) and Mesopotansely populated by Semitic-speaking people. Arabia, at that time, was inbabited by small groups of hunters and herders who, as evidenced from the rock drawings they left behind, were culturally more closely related to groups that still survive in Africa today - rather than to the town dwellers, farmers and herders of Greater Syria.

There is archaeological evidence of settled life in the coppermining districts of Oman from the third millennium BC. This culture, however, disappeared at the beginning of the following millenmia (present-dav Iraq) were de-

again in the first millennium BC. Anthropological evidence shows that the first millennium BC Omanis belonged to the same human type as the inhabitants of central Arabia today, but diffet considerably frum those of the third millennium. Linguistically. the inhahitants.uf south Arabia in the first millennium BC — the Sabacans, Minacans, Oalabacans. Hadramis and Himyarites — spoke a language that can be classified as Ancient West Semitic. It includes linguistic innovations which probably originated in Greater Syria before the middle of the third millennium. However. South Arabian does not show the innovations of later West Semitic that originated in Greater Syria shortly after the beginning of the second millennium, so it can be assumed that the forefathers of the Arabs left the northern fringe of the Arahian Peninsula some time in the third millennium. These semi-sedentary, agrarian

communities slowly penetrated course of time they left settled the west Arabian mountain range until they arrived at the end of the second millennium in south Arabia and, a century or so later, in east Arabia (Oman). There they founded villages which. especially in the south, soon developed into towns.

Cultivators and bedouins

The western view of the traditional Arab is a bedouin who roams the desert on camelback. living in a perpetual state of war. According to the reconstruction presented here, the first Arahs were farmers and herders who inhabited the west Arabian mountain range and cultivated its valleys by means of terrace farming and run-off irrigation. Social anthropologists helieve that numads derive from mixed agricultural/pastoral societies and are a specialisation of the latter. The ame halds true for the bedomin. It was in the sedentary societies

of west and east Arabia that man domesticated the camel as a means of transport, enabling the herders to penetrate deeper into the desert. The better they adjusted to its conditions, the less necessary it was to return to the helds which, in any event, may have been occupied by others. With the bedouin, nomadism

acquired a new quality. In the

Roots of the Arab peoples

agriculture and became the masters of the desert - the incarnation of pride, freedom and dignity. The superiurity of the camelriding bedouin over the settled people on the fringes of the desert was fell by hoth of these groups. The nineteenth century theory of waves of nomadic invasion coming out of Arabia, revitalising the decaying agrarian cul-tures with fresh blood, is simply the over-extension of a single experience - the Islamic conquest. It was a long time before the early camel breeders develuped a culture of their own and became the bedouin of pre-Islamic poetry.

in Assyrian inscriptions from the middle of the ninth century BC. They are called "Arabs" in these inscriptions, and their personal names are indeed Arabic. These proto-bedouin roamed the Syrian desert in large tribes and tribal confederations, able to muster up tu 1000 camel-riders for battle. Their riding technique, however, was still far from perfected. Although these Arabs began to control the desert and the desert trade routes, they were no match for the Assyrian military. Out of the proto-bedouin developed the carly bedouin, whose crucial inno-vation was the camel saddle as il is still used today. Imroduced probably in the fifth century BC. this saddle enabled the rider to use a lance or a sword, whereas the proto-bedouin could only fight with bow and arrow and had to dismount for close combar. As a result, the early bedouin controlled the desert trade routes much more efficiently than the

proto-bedouin ever could. The Nabateans (400BC-

number of tribes and territories. mainly through their wealth Contemporary with the Naba-teans were the Arabs, bedouin and oasis dwellers alike, who left behind the Thamudic and Safaitie inscriptions - the earliest "literature" in Arabic. One may hesitate to describe these short inscriptions as literature since they usually consist of no more than the author's name, only rarely accompanied by additional simple statements about his daily life, and serving no purpose other than self-expression. The tribes of the early bedouin period disintegrated during the "crisis" of the Roman Empire in the second half Camel-riding warriors appear of the third century AD. The turmoil brought new tribes in from south and central Arabia to the north. The ancient North Arahian scripts disappeared, together with the tribal societies that used them. A significant witness to this state of turmoil and reorganisation is the inscription of Imru'ulgays from Nemara in southeastcrn Syria, dated 328 AD. Both the language and script of this inscription mark a break with

100AD) were early bedouin who

managed to bring together quite a

earlier tradition: The language is Arabic - the first indication of a pan-Arabic culture, the final product of which is "Classical" Arabie; the script, which is Nabatean, breaks with the script patterns previously used by the Arabs. It uses characters derived from the Aramean script family as the Arabic script does - be it derived directly from Nabatean or from Syriac. The language and the script alone, however, do not make the Imru'ulqays inscription a tangible starting point of a new Arab self-understanding and civilisation. More important is the content uf the inscription. The viewpoint is an all-Arab one: Imru'ulqays not only calls himself "King of all Arabs," but the geographical concept expressed in the inscription is of the Arabian Peninsula as a single entity.

The Arabs soon developed yet another method of self-expression which suited the bedouin way of life much better than the Thamudic and Safaitic inscriptions did: The poetry of the al Jahiliyya, one of the most sophisticated and beautiful forms of poetry to be found. It was created and passed on not in written form but verbally through recitation and singing, perhaps accompanied by

The bedouin's main contribution to Arab civilisation is encapsulated in this unwritteo literary form, which became the common possession of all Arabs. It gave them a common language, in terms of both linguistics and concepts. The values of al Jahiliyya poetry are still cherished today: The dignity of the individual which does not allow him to be subservient and - its social counterpart - the hospitality which seems unlimited to the Wes-

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struction of a building hy a Nahatacan cavalry officer at Petra, in the early 1st Century AD. Right, a ceramic oil lamp from Jerash, from the early

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Islamic period 17th/8th Century AD)

Nabataean inscription cummemorating the con-

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Artifacts from a bygone world: Top left, a cylinder

seal impression from Tell Saidiyyeb in the Jordan

Valley dating from the 14/13th Centuries BC.

Bottom left, a statue from 'Ain Ghazal, near

Amman dating from around 6250 BC. Above, a

Morning 67:00 News 07:10 Newsline 67:30 VDA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 67:30 VDA Morting 08:00 New 88:10 Newsine 68:20 VOA Morting 09:20 News 09:10 Newshine 09:20 VOA Morting 18:00 New 18:10 Newshine 18:20 Music 1 SA 19:00 News 19:10 Freus 19:30 Special Erelish News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newships 18:20 Marting School 19:00 Newships 20:30 Magazine Shirw 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsize 4 America 22:30 Masse USA Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Slavie USA Jazz 24:00 News 90:10

CULTURAL CENTRES

& LIBRARIES Royal Cultural Centre Tel 6610267 American Centre Library British Council . French Cultural Centre Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre Spans & Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre Hava Arts Centre Hussem Youth City Y.W.C.A Y.W.M.A. Amman Mamorpal Library Univ of Jordan Library Abdul Hamid Shoman Amman Municipal Library

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Marcun." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planelarium at the liana Arts Centre. Open all week 9 ith Hava Art; Centre Open all week vittl
a.m. 1-90 p.m. and 5.50 p.m. - 6000
p.m. Closed on Friday
Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years tild Also mosaics
from Shadaha and Jerash (4th to 18th
centuries). The Reman Theatre. Amman Opening heurs, 9.00 a.m. -5 p.m.
Year-round: Tel. 657701
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Roydon Archaeological Museum: Flas Jordan Archaeological Museum: \$136 an excellent evidentian of the anti-quates of Jordan Jabat Al Oal'a (Citadel Hall) Opening hours, 900

a m 5 00 p.m. [Fridays and official holidays 16 (0) a m. to 4 00 p.m.]. Coxed Toesdays Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of painings, resames, and scriptures by contemporary Islamic arrives from most of the Muslim coun-19th Century orientalist artists. Munta cah, Jahai Lowerbich Opening hours 10 16 am + 1 30 pm and 3 lill pm -6 00 pm Closed Tuesdays Tel

Martyrs' Memorial (Milliar) Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Atab Received 1916 Sports Cay, Amman Operang from 9.00 a.m. 4.107 p.m. Closed Saturdays Tel Hs240

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Clab. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1 30 pm.
Lions Philadelphia Club, Meeturgs every second and fourth Westnesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7 30 pm.
Philadelphia Rotary Club, Meetings every Westnesday at the Haliday Inh. Rotary Clab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 Royal Automobile Club. Jahal Amman, Eighth Cucle Tel. 818261

PRAYER TIMES

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CHURCHES

Stt. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabol Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luwenbuch, Tel De la Salle Charch (Risman Catholie) Jabal Hussein, Tel 661757, Sunday English mass (summer time & p.m., wanter time 5 p m.l. Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic).

Jahol Luwerbisch, mass in Halian lan

grage, meet every Saluttlay at 5 Mt p.m. Tel. 622366 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthoslox) Abdali, Tel. 623541 Anglean Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Annuan, 1el 678/86, chaplain's residence tel 628543 Tel 771331 Armenian Orthodox Charch Ashra-heh, Tel 778281 St. Epitraim Charch [Svrim Ortho-dox) Ashraheh 1el 771781 Amman International Church Unice-demoninational meets at Southern Description of Charles on Tel

Baptisi School in Shmeisani, Telhose to the control of the Gord Shepherd Amman, Atalia, Service Sunday 7 pm., Rev. N. Smir., 1el. 811298

Smir. (c) 811298 Rainhow Congregation Interest at the Good Shepherd's Unurch Interdence minational connented. English Ser-vice, Saturday at 6,30 p.m. (c) 822605. Rev Veli The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Rivial Jordanian (RJ) information depart-August Tel (08) 532005, where a

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Radio Jordan 774111	
Water Authority 680100	
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Electric Power	
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NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

PRINCE MOHAMMAD VISITS PRIME MINISTRY: His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, the personal representative of His Majesty King Hussein, Tuesday called at the Prime Ministry where he met for a while with Prime Minister Zaid Al Rifai (Petra).

CONDOLENCES: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Tuesday delegated director of his office Michael Hamarneb to convey his condolences to the Halalsheh family over the death of the late Mohammad Ibrahim Halalsheh (Petra).

PAPOULIAS IN AMMAN: Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Hellenic Republic Karolos Papoulias, who is also the current chairman of the European Community Foreign Ministers Council, arrives here Wednesday from Damascus for a two-day visit to Jordan, during which he will meet with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and Foreign Minister Taher Masri (J.T.).

CHINESE MILITARY TEAM: Commander of the Nanjing military area in China Gen. Xiang Shou Zhi, and the accompanying military delegation Tuesday visited one of the formations of the 5th Royal Mechanised Division, where he was briefed by the division's commander on its duties and training programmes and watched a military exhibition (Petra).

Assad pays tribute to Najib Mahfouz

CAIRO (Petra) - Minister of Higher Education Nassereddin Al Assad Tuesday paid tribute to Egyptian literary writer Najib Manfouz who was recently awarded the Nobel Prize for literature and said that the prize could be considered as an honouring to Arab literature and Arah writers Agency, Petra. in general.

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Assad who is here on a several day visit to take part in a ceremony to honour Mahfouz for his winning the prize, said that Mahfouz has succeeded in bring-

ing the Arah literature into the international arena. In fact, translations of Mahfouz's books in a number of foreign languages have belped to speed up the process of world wide recognition of his writings, the minister said in a statement to the Jordan News

Assad said that the prize would serve as an incentive for all arab writers to double their efforts and raise higher the standard of Arah

FAO honours Qubbaj

AMMAN (Petra) - The United Jordan, Ali Atiqa, presented Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) Tuesday honomed Mr. Mazen Al Qubhaj, a government employee who presents agricultural programme on radio and television, for his endeavours to promote farming in

Programme Resident Director in headquarters in Amman.

Qubbaj with a gold medal and a certificate of merit as an award from FAO in recognition of his efforts through the information media, and his cootribution to the development of agriculture in the kingdom.

The presentation took place at United Nations Development a special ceremony at the UNDP

AOAS urges 'knowledge

set of proposals for Arab couotries to adopt in order to improve base" about the trainees and the the performance of government training programmes. agencies handling technical assist-

A statement issued at the closing session here emphasised the importance of holding a general perts, laid stress to proper training to personnel employed in establishment of "a knowledge

AOAS Director General Naser Al Sayegh who attended the final session distributed diplomats to the 36 participants who came from nine Arab countries.

English language teaching theatre comes to Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) — A theatre show designed to teach the English language through a series of comic sketches and dramatic are keen to see all methods that scenes is about to arrive in the improve language skills. Schools Kingdom. The "English Teaching Theatre," a group of five actors, teachers and musicians, are io Jordan as the guests of the British Council, and the Ministry of Education, who have long worked together in the promotion of

language teaching.

Young people from Jordan go
to jobs all over the world," said

Council, "so Jordanian teachers are phoning us to see the show. and it's a great pity that there isn't a show for every interested

The preview show will begin at the British Council on Sunday at 4:30, after which the tour will perform in Amman Irbid and Zarqa on the 15th and 16th

News bulletin on Jordan published in Japanese

AMMAN (J.T.) — A monthly newsletter, Trails of Jordan, written in Japanese, will be mailed to safaris, inceotive tours and con-650 travel agents and tour pro-

ducers in Japan. The oewsletter, produced by will feature a story about International Traders, will fea- Japanese businessmen and inditure touristic news of interest to the travel industry in Japan, a

regular feature about one of the historic/archaeological sites in the

country and details of various tour products such as desert vection facilities.

The last page of the newsletter viduals residing and working in Jordan. The newsletter is being supported, in part, by hotel and

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

ART EXHIBITION

A plastic art exhibition by Iyad Al Masri at the Housing Bank Complex.

OTHER EXHIBITIONS

- A book exhibition that includes books on medicine, engineering, basic sciences, computer science, management and economics at the Yarmouk University.
- * A book exhibition that includes scientific and literary books at the Jordan University of Science and Technology. A literary exhibition held on the occasion of the centennial
- birthday of the British poet T.S. Eliot at the Exhibition Hall, the University of Jordan. * A children's painting exhibition at Hittin Refugee Camp public

library.

* A French film entitled "The Judge and the Assassin" at the French Cultural Centre - 8:00 p.m.

Queen Noor plants 'tree of peace' on SOS village land in Aqaba

AQABA (J.T.) — The SOS Children's Village Association of Jordan Tuesday celebrated the occasion of His Majesty King Hussein's birthday this year by planting a tree in the grounds of the SOS land in Aqaba, announcing the birth of Jordan's second SOS Village.

Her Majesty Queen Noor planted the tree, to be called the "tree of peace." The palm tree was taken from the SOS Children's Village in Amman and transported to Agaba in a motorcade that also carried 10 children and two "mothers" from the

As an extension of the SOS Children's Village in Amman, the SOS Children's Village in Aqaha is a special developmental project for the South of Jordan: it will give services to orphan children in the southern area.

Arah World and children from other charitable institutions through its holiday camping site which will be constructed on the land as well.

The Aqaha Region Authority has donated a

It will also receive other SOS children in the

38-dunum piece of land, 20 of which will be used for the village and 18 for the camping site.

The village will contain: eight family houses (possibility for extension), a house for the village director, a personnel house, a service building, a guest house, a kindergarten, a children's entertainment centre for SOS children and children of the neighbourhood, in addition to sports facilities and

the camping site with facilities (as a second phase). It will be funded mainly through the Hermann Gmeiner Fund, Germany, in addition to private donations from Jordan and ahroad.

Construction will start early in 1989 and the village is expected to be ready for operation in the middle of 1990. It will then house a maximum of 72

The project to establish SOS children's villages in Jordan is a major project of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation, which seeks to introduce ideas, programmes and projects that enhance the quality of life of the individual and the community

Seminar calls for investment in southern Jordan projects

MUTA (Petra) - A two-day said appropriate plots of land Jordan ended Monday night with a set of recommendations passed hy delegates representing the Maan, Karak and Tafileh re-

A statement issued at the clos-Industrial Development Bank open branches in the three govand called on concerned authorities to launch an information campaign designed to encourage investments in different schemes.

stimulate the tourism industry in southern Jordan hy developing traditional crafts and spas at Afra, Ghor Haditha, Barbitah and Bani Hammad, and asked that more horse carriages be employed within the ancient Nahataean city of Petra of facilitate the movement of tourists.

In transport, the statement said new arrangements should be made to link the phosphate mine of Shidieh with Aqaba through a railway line, and urged the government to belp reduce the air fare between Amman and Aqaba to encourage tourism.

In the field of environment, the seminar urged speedy measures loading ships with the mineral and to set up specialised teams to combat all forms of pollutants in and around the Port of Aqaba

and at natural springs.

The statement called for the formation of a "fishermen's society" in Aqaba and urged concerned authorities to set up maritime reserves. In education, the statement At the outset of the final ses-

development councils in southern construction of schools in the three regions and that more efforts be exerted in eradicating illiteracy with the help of the. Ministry of Education and the Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund.

The statement recommended ing session recommended that the the transformation of the Tafileh Community College into one speopen branches in the three gov-ernorates to help finance projects trades and affiliated to Mu'ta University. The statement's recommenda-

tion on health projects urged the authorities to set up a physiother-The statement called on tourist apy centre at Afra mineral spa organisations and offices to and to boost the health education programmes in schools and other institutions.

The statement recommended that the National Aid Fund contribute to the work of local women's unions and vocational training programmes; and to support traditional craft businesses benefiting mostly handicapped people from the three governo-

It called for speeding up work on building the sports complex and for stimulating the activities of youth and sport clubs. It recommended that a national museum be opened in the south

and urged the Ministry of Agriculture to encourage agricultural to be taken to end the fallout of cooperatives, that can promote phosphate dust in the process of farming and exploit arid regions east of the Desert Highway. The statement urged the local

women's work in development projects and the Housing Corporation to help resideots own homes at reduced cost.

Crown Prince urges coordination

sion. His Royal Highness Crown seminar to assess the work of should be made available for the Prince Hassan, who chaired the meetings, underlined the need to coordinate among the interacting sectors and called on women's unions to play a more significant role in development.

Addressing the general conference the Crown Prince underlined the importance of coordination between the southern region and the central government with an emphasis on sectoral coordination, to serve a constructive development process through a method that eliminates the need for individual references between departments within the same region and the centre.

Prince Hassan called for initiating the process of finding apropriate solutions to the problems facing the city of Karak in the relation to the status of the historical castle, through coordination among all concerned parties.

He pointed out to the role of women in the development process, especially in the field of education and the importance of defining the role of the Jordanian women federation and its priori-

He stressed the need to change the outlook on supported families in a way that these families can become productive.

He called for carrying out a comprehensive study to set the basis of interaction between the human being, the land and natuauthorities to give backing to ral resources to achieve a balanced development in the service of future generations.

Prince Hassan told the seminar there was a need to conduct studies on all elements behind immigration from the rural areas to urban centres to find a solution to the problem.

Southern governorates ready for wastewater system link

completed construction of wastewater treatment facilities for Kerak, Tafileh and Maan with the assistance of the United States Agency for International

Development (USAID). The plant in Kerak is already in operation, and those in Tafileh and Maan stand ready for use as soon as households are connected to the sewer system. Each of the treatment facilities were designed to meet the projected needs of the area population through the

year 2,000. The ancient city of Kerak presented an interesting challenge to the engineers. The design for the wastewater system uses gravity to move the water efficiently from the mountaintop city, west to the treatment facility at Eth Thaniya

A sizeable proportion of Kerak's 15,000 population, however, lives on the eastern side of the mountaintop. Laying pipe held in lagoons for at least 40 around the perimeter of the days to allow any viable eggs to

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputy representatives of Arah countries at

the Amman-based Council of

Arab Economic Unity (CAEU)

ended a meeting in Amman Tues-

day after discussing a host of

questions related to Arab eco-

nomy and cooperation among

Arab countries in economic

The three-day meeting also re-

viewed an agenda of subjects to

be submitted to the council's 50th

ordinary meeting which is due to be held here on Dec. 7, according

to a CAEU spokesman.

affairs.

CAEU talks seek to boost joint

HEALTH CENTRES IN MAFRAQ: Health Ministry will con-

struct two health centres in Za'atari and Dajna io Mafrag governo-

rate, according to Mafraq Health Department director (Petra).

Arab economic action

considered.

That option was ruled out as too costly. It was decided that the best route for the wastewater to flow would be under the city right through the mountain. A 300 meter tunnel, therefore, was constructed through the hard dolomite base upon which old

The facility at Eth Thaniya has been receiving efflueot for half a year, and its results have been closely monitored by WAJ personnel. Under most operating conditions, the plant uses a 3-step biological treatment process, although chlorination can he added in a final step when necessary. In the first two steps of treatment, wastewater moves through two Imhoff tanks, where sunlight and bacteria together digest the effluent to decrease populations of harmful hacteria. In the third step, the water is

The council's Secretary Geoer-

al Hassan Ihrahim addressed the

closing session praising the posi-

tive spirit that prevailed during

the discussions and the objective

dialogue that was maintaioed

meeting he said, aimed to boost

joint Arab economic action. As it

covered also Arab monetary

The council's 1989 budget was

also discussed by the meeting and

recommendations were made for

next months general meeting.

issues and economic policies.

The subjects discussed at the

through out the meetings.

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Water mountain to carry wastewater to settle to the bottom. According the plant on the other side was to WAJ sewage projects superto WAJ sewage projects super-visor, Dr. Sagher Salim, this process achieves close to a tertiary level of treatment, a level at which discbarged water is safe for irrigating field crops. The solid waste, sludge, which is safe to use as a soil conditioner, is trucked to disposal sites. The steeply sloping site permits the plant to run

entirely hy gravity.
USAID provided 90% of the
JD 600,000 cost of design and supervision, and 70% of JD 2,300,000 cost of construction of the plant, sewage collection and stormwater drainage systems, and water distribution system.

A similar plant is ready to begin operation in Tafileh. Like the Kerak plant, it is built on a steep hillside and operates completely by gravity.

Tafileh's ahundant springs

which keep its olive groves green all summer long, have proved a mixed blessing in the wintertime when rains add so much moisture to the soil that cootaminated water can sometimes back up into Tafileh households. Ground water pollution of drinking water has been difficult to avoid under these circumstances.

In the coming months, Tafileh households will be able to connect to the new sewer lines which will transport wastewater safely to the treatment plant on the north side of the city. USAID financed 90% of the JD 600,000 design and supervision cost, and 70% of the JD 3,300,000 construction cost of the plant and stormwater drainage system.

By contrast, Maan and Madaba are located oo flat desert terrain and their wastewater treatment facilities, therefore, could utilise large level lagoons. The lagoons are ready to begin operation as soon as households are connected to the sewer lines feeding the plants. USAID financed the design and supervision of the Maan facility at a cost of JD 600,000.

Dajani: Consumer bureau to counter illegal price-hikers

By Rania Atalla Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — "The Citizens Complaints Office," established upon directives from Prime Minister Zaid Rifai on Nov. 4, is aimed at protecting consumers from profiteering and price manipulations and giving equal protection to merchants in instances involving personal acts of revenge, Interior Minister Rajai Dajani said Tuesday.

and the Jordan Times, Dajani said the complaints office is to work on revealing facts, in complaint cases, that would bring to justice any violators of the supply law number 24 for 1974. Violations of that law include illegal price mark-ups, merchants refusing to sell goods and hiding them, in addition to attaching "other" conditions to the sale of goods or imposing on the consumer a second product for the sale if the consumer is to buy a certain item, Dajani said.

Dajani explained that the Interior Mioistry has been assigned that responsibility, as both an organising and executing body, and as "a non-involved third party," with no interest on either the consumer or the merchants side.

Activities of the office, which is Ministry's general public affairs port of its findings. The Interior

In an interview with Al Ra'i department, will he carried out hy the police and general security bodies as well as the provincial governors in various parts of the country. Dajani said the extension of those bodies all over the Kingdom was one of the reasons why the Interior Ministry was chosen to carry out that function.

> He said special complaints forms have been printed in a way that would render the filing method as effective as possible, and added that distinct files are to be opened for complaint cases to allow for a step-hy-step follow up of cases until a final result is

Dajani said the investigation procedures for violations are as follows: a Ministry of Supply team investigates the complaint, establishes the facts and provides linked directly to the Interior the Interior Ministry with a re-

Ministry in turn follows up the case and decides whether or not

to refer it to the military court. That, Dajani said, would protect consumers from profiteering and protect merchants from false. unfounded complaints aimed solely at hurting the merchants out of acts of personal revenge.

The Interior Minister said complaint forms have to be signed by the oerson who registers the complaint, and any evidence which would enhance the processing of the complaint (such as a receipt of the sale), should accompany the complaint form.

The penalty for violations could vary from a jail sentence of no less than a week to no more than one year, and a fine of no less than JD 5 and no more than JD 200.

If the violations are repeated. Dajani noted, the penalty could be double and the store can be closed for a period of time decided by the court.

"We have entered the realm of the crizen acting as a controller."

Dajani commented. "The citizen has to report (violators) and those (who are guilty) will he held accountable." He added however, that the office also seeks to protect the merchants from unfair accusations. They are citizens as

Jordanian, Egyptian experts discuss linkage of national grids

CAIRO (Petra) — Jordanian and cost of \$10 million. Egyptian specialists Tuesday opened a round of talks here on the projected linkage of national grids of Jordan and Egypt through the Gulf of Aqaba.

The two sides are examining a feasibility study for the project as presented by a French firm at the

The talks which will last until Thursday will result in a final report on the project which will be submitted to the Joint Jordain its coming meeting in Cairo by

the end of 1988.

implementation which is expected in the coming year.

According to estimates, the project is expected to cost \$150 nian-Egyptian Higher Committee million and the components for the project will be carried out through Egyptian and Jordanian experts without any help from Following the project's approv- foreign countries.

Kakish presents 6 proposals for Aqaba region development

TUNIS (Petra) — Aqaba Region Authority President Bassam Kakish, said Sunday he has presented proposals for six development projects in Aqaba region to participants in the 4th Arab Businessmen and Investors Conference, currently held in Tunisia.

The proposals include the construction of two international huildings, the Sultan Qaboos estate, a tourist village, a marine centre and park on the southern seashore.

Kakish has been elected as vice-chairman of the tourist committee and a member of the conference's follow up committee.

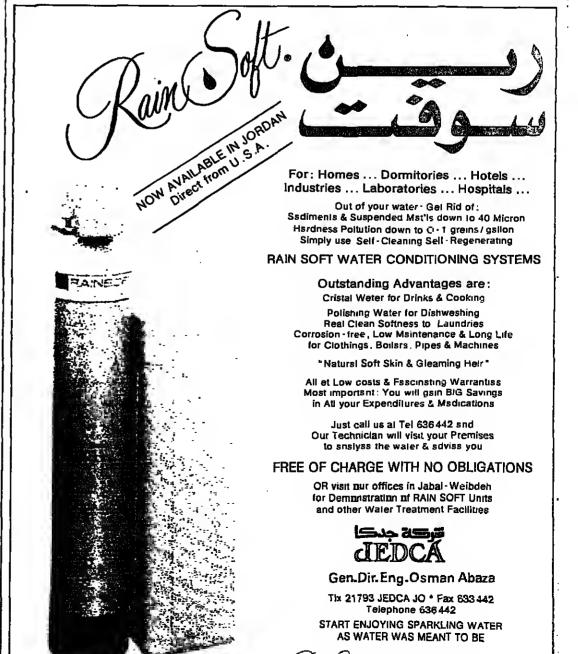
Director of the Jordan Industrial Estate Fayez Suheimat, who is also taking part in the conference, said that they circulated information bulletins on the investment opportunities in Jordan, outlining the incentives and privileges enjoyed by investors, par-ticularly in the industrial field.

The bulletin also included a list of 56 proposed industries, that need to be set up in Jordan with finance from Arab investors or

through joint ventures.

THE WORLO'S FINEST WATER CONDITIONERS

Director of the Free Zones Corporation Yasin Al Kayed. who is also a participant in the conference, said he hriefed Arab investors and participants on the development, projects in the Jordanian free zones and the Syrian-Jordanian Free Zone.



base' for technical aid AMMAN (Petra) - A ten-day evaluation of any project by exmeeting held at the Arab Organisation of Administrative Sciences (AOAS) has recommended a such agencies, and advocated the

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Algerian perestroika

THE overwhelming support for the Algerian-style perestroika is a clear victory for democracy. With over 9 million Algerians voting in favour of the constitutional reforms in a national referendum held Thursday, the road to political reform in Algeria is clearly underway.

It is gratifying to note that the proposed changes in the political landscape in Algeria were made by President Chadli Benjedid and focused on decentralising the power structure in the country, by making the executive branch of government accountable to the legislative branch. This is indeed a giant success for democracy in the Arab World as well, for the more widespread are the roots of democracy in the Arab Nation the firmer will be the future of the overall Arab political infrastructure. Thus the Algerian gain is an Arab gain and we are gratified to voice our pride in the successful Algerian story as beheld in the Thursday re-

The Algerian government's plan to separate the National Liberation Front party from the government and make it amenable to pluralistic political tendencies in the country would go a long to consolidate the Algerian campaign for greater and deeper democratisation.

Pluralism is the cornerstone of any viable democracy and the introduction of pluralism into the Algerian political thought and practice would indeed put the Algerian rational experiment in developing and nurturing democracy on the

We are struck by the similarities between the reforms introduced by the Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev and those being offered by President Benjedid. It is comforting to note that an important Arab country conducting its political affairs on a one-state party is following the enlightened footsteps of President Gorbachev. It is honourable for states to learn from one another and attempt to draw on the experiences of other nations.

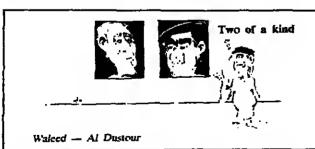
After all, we all form a one global community and the faster are the transfers of political technology from one country to the other the better.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

AL RA'I Arabic daily Tuesday said that a year ago today the Arab leaders were converging on Amman for their estraordinary summit which ended with a consensus and agreement on joint action. This anniversary comes this year as the Arab leaders are making ready for and the Arab masses are looking forward to another summit meeting to bolster solidarity and to find means of ending the crisis in Lebanon, the paper noted. It said that the Amman summit of last November succeeded in unifying Arab countries' stands and have paved the way for further fruitful action in the face of common dangers and in confrontation with issues that tend to divide the Arab people. Indeed, the Amman summit rehabilitated the summit institution and strengthened the Arab people's confidence in their future, the paper noted. It is hoped, said the paper, that the coming summit will help end the crisis in Lebanon and pave the way for the Arabs to end the Arab-Israeli conflict and bring about peace to the region.

AL DUSTOUR daily dwelt on the government's measures designed to curtail spending and save funds needed for development. The new measures, it said, usher in a new positive and constructive era in Jordan's life, a move which was warmly welcomed by various public and economic sectors in the Kingdom. The new measures which came into being two days ago, are bound to reduce imports drastically, especially luxury goods, and save funds that can be invested in industry which in turn can manufacture products for export and new income, the paper noted. Similarly, the recent increases in customs duty on non-essential products and the additional fees on work permits and travel can help the country replenish its coffers of forcign currency needed for paying Jordan's debts or initiating new jobs and more employment, the paper added.

SAWT AL SHAAB discussed the government measures also and said the public is now called on to offer contribution in all fields and at all levels. For the country to be strong and for the national economy to continue progressing, there must be a severe cut in expenditure and there should be new patterns of production, the paper noted. Jordan it added must retain its credibility world wide and must be helped to pay back its loans and services on them to foreign debtors as it had always done, and the new government measures which will save some \$200 million pere year are bound to help achieve that goal.



ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES Pultry subsidies

Writing in Al Ra'i Arabic daily, the paper's editor calls attention to the poultry industry in Jordan which he describes as one of the earners of national income. Rakan Al Majali says that poultry farms have been able to meet the Kingdom's needs of the poultry meat and table eggs and to market surpluses in Arah markets, thus bringing in hard currency. But fodder and other hasic requirements which are employed in this industry have been rising in price making it more and more difficult for the farmers to keep going without help in the form of subsidies from the government. the writer notes. We cannot demand the raising of the price of poultry meat or eggs since we do not want to encourage inflation. says the writer, but we propose government subsidies to be paid to the farmers so that they can be encouraged to maintain their production not only to suffice the needs of the local markets but also to help contribute the food security and ensure additional amounts of badly needed foreign currency.

The following is the first part of a two part series on the ethics of human solidarity taken from the book: Winning the Human Race, the final report of the Independent Commission on Humanitarian Issues that His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan launched last month during visits to London and Paris.

"If the universe is non-ethical by our present standards, we must reconsider those standards and reconstruct our ethics."

H.G. Wells, 1901

HUMANITARIANISM is a basic orientation towards the interests and welfare of people. It demands that whatever detracts from human well-being must be questioned. regardless of its effects on economic growth, political power, or the stability of a certain order. Abstractions such as growth, stability and order are not ends in themselves, but have value only if they bring about the greater welfare of people.

Humanitarianism proceeds from the recognition that each one of us is no more but also no less than a human being. To emphasise onr common humanity is not to deny or play down the importance of transcendental concerns, but simply to recognise that no single definition of truth us universally and unconditionally accepted. Common humanity is a point we can start with, as we learn to live with multiple perceptions of the truth.

The humanitarian perspective takes a long-range view of human welfare, and one of its essential dimensions is solidarity with future generations. Our first responsibility to our children is to easure that they bave a future by avoiding catastrophie war. It is also necessary to ensure that they do not inherit a planet whose environment has been substantially diminished or irreparably destroyed. We have a responsibility not to deprive our descendants of the chance to live fully and to push forward the frontiers of knowledge for the benefit of humankind. We have an obligation not to foreclose the options available to them. Humanitariansim is cautious. It has a strong to cover more of the globe and bias against the irreversible.

We uphold humanitarianism as a framework for recognising dilemmas and a formula for resolving them. Once human welfare has been placed firmly at the centre of individual and collective concerns, however, there are still a host of questions to be resolved in any specific set of circumstances. The humanitarian perspective includes an ethical orientation that equips us to approach these difficult questions: an ethic

of human solidarity. The identification of common values from which to construct an ethical framework for human solidarity is dependent upon the establishment of a broader consensus about the meaning of humanitarianism, and about its role in the promotion of human welfare.

For us, humanitarianism is both an attitude for individuals and a framework for policy-makers. It encompasses both humanism and human rights and goes beyond the confines of existing bumanitarian law. It connects ethics to action at all levels. In this sense, we attribute to the term humanitarianism a broader context than its current usage permits.

Traditional concepts of humanitarianism tend 10 be negative in character, concerned more with refraining from certain actions which barm others than actually helping. They remain limited in scope. Providing emergency soluuons to urgent social problems is, of course, a first priority, but too often they have come to be used as a substitute for addressing the root causes and providing longterm answers.

A more universal moral perspective suits our times, because we are linked so much more closely to one another. An expansion of bumanitarianism better to match modern needs must occur in several dimensions; horizontal,

Reconsider, reconstruct

vertical, to take in new kinds of moral issues; and lemporal, to cover future generations. And there must be an accompanying reform of individual, collective and institutional attitudes to accommodate this expansion.

The Challenge

IN a world shrinking spaces, porous national boundaries, expanding technological capacity and instant communication, we live in an imperfect but vivid relationship with all of our fellow human-beings. Our attention to any one segment of humanity may be limited or self-limiting. But our mutual ability to affect each other's lives, for better or

plethora of humanitarian problems. Those who are obliged to leave their homes often become targets of exploitation, discrimination or debilitating dependency; those who remain behind often face inhumane condi-

Man's inhumanity to man is not an invention of the modern era. but the scope and scale of his capacity to act it out is historically unprecedented. Age-old themes such as greed, betrayal of popular will, lust for power and ethnic hatred combine with contemporary economic and social strains to create new sources of conflict. Rivalry over land and resources has intensified, spurred by the need to satisfy the requirements

"The rich in the capitals of the Third World have far more in common with the rich of the First World than they have with the poor in their own countries. The affluent also communicate more easily with each other across national boundaries than with their poor compatriots.

for worse, has never had the and aspirations of increasing scope and immediacy that it has

Modern communications have played an important role in strengthening our sense of human solidarity. This was seen most recently and dramatically when the images and descriptions of the famine in Africa burst upon the consciousness of the public every-where in the world. Coming faceto-face, in an almost literal sense, with suffering on such a scale challenges people's notions of what it means to be human. It brings about an expansion of our moral universe.

Many kinds of environmental problems, such as air pollution. acid rain or the effects of destructive land-use practices, do not respect international borders. Increasingly refugees, other displaced people or migrant workers are also crossing national borders in large numbers. The vast population movements that are include a multitude of actors; now taking place give rise to a experience or common concern isation of whole societies to the high.

populations,

The greatest obstacle to the achievement of a sense of community hased on an inclusive ethical consensus is the drifting apart of the rich and the poor into two separate worlds. Today, this a far more complex phenomenon than the geopolitical division of the world into North and South or industrialised and developing countries. The rich in the capitals nf the Third World have far more in common with the rich of the First World than they have with the poor in their own countries. The affluent also communicate more easily with each other aeross national boundaries than with their poor compatriots. Technologies of communication and transportation, to say nothing of a pervasive consumerist culture, have helped to create a new stratification of the world's people into transnational classes that share very little information.

with others. The gap in understanding between rich and poor is in imminent danger of reaching the point where the only form of discourse may be violent conflict, occasionally punctuated by outhursts of charity. It is a matter of the greatest practical, as well as ethical urgency, to prevent the split between the two worlds from widening, and to restore a sense of solidarity among people.

The human person in today's world is particularly vulnerable. For millions of people, violence has become a fact of life. Wars continue to plague developing countries. Civilian casualties have greatly risen in proportion to combatant casualnes. In scores of countries, torture is becoming institutionalised as an instrument of state control and repression. Weapons of indiscriminate destruction are being used increasingly in armed conflicts while nuclear weapons have become the sword of Damoeles of modern times. Starvation continues to be used as a means of suppressing opposition, while control over civilian populations serves as a tactic as well as an objective of armed conflict.

Scientific and technological developments have given humanbeings powers that far outstrip their collective good judgment. Formidable conventional weapons are easily available, even to small groups. Consequently, every country with an aggric ved minority, faces a potential risk. With the development of modern weapons of mass destruction, the power of the instruments of war has reached levels never before imagined, 50 that even those states not directly involved in a conflict have a strong interest in helping to resolve it. In today's volatile world, conflicts cannot easily be contained and isolated. Furtbermore, each time a violation of international law is tolerated, it sets a dangerous precedent that makes it more likely that similar abuses will be repeated.

The state is on the defensive. The pursuit of national security has come to place excessive rehance on the threatened use of force. This has led to the militar-

detriment of the economic, social and political sectors. State an thorities seem to be increasing willing to use violence, not on in their relations with other states but also against their own people

In some cases, this turmoil may be a part of the struggle to three off the remnants of colonial structures and power relationships But in many more, the end of the colonial era has been followed by periods of cootention and unres as mechanisms for political representation failed to take hold Even without the wilful approp riarion of state power, the de velopment process itself gener. ates inequalities that a representative government must mediate. All too often, however, states bave failed in, or abandoned, their mediating roles and substituted repression for social management.

Will all societies so vulnerable to the actions of others, and all faced with the possibility of exninction, the need to formulate new standards for humanitarian decision-making is imperative. General rules and principles of human conduct bave evolved and acquired authority in specific historical settings. But in a shrinking world and in a situation of rapid social, economic and technological change, it is necessary to find common values that are acceptable across a wide spectrum of cultures and ideologies.

Increasingly, ambivalence and uncertainty characterisc the ethical choices that people are called upon to make. These arise because worthy goals can and do conflict with each other, because contemporary life puts before us a multiplicity of choices and because we cannot perfectly foresee or control all the consequences of our actions. In any complex situation, the unintended consecuences of a choice may overwhelm the intended result. Even with an ethical orientation toward human well-being, we cannot, everywhere and at all times, completey climinate risk or catastrophe. Nor is it always possible to prevent people from doing what they believe to be right even if the price in terms of human suffering, death and desolation, is very

Nyerere's contribution to international relations

By Dr. Aleck Humphrey Che-Mponda

The writer is Senior Lecturer. and Public Administration. University of Dar es Salaam.

IF WE take the term "theory" to denote the hypothetical principles and propositions of exploratory and predictive power applieable to all systems which are its maximum promise, then we can easily discern that Julius Kambarage Nycrere of Tanzania, has in word and deed, contributed to the theory of international relations and to world politics.

State recognition of Biafra

One of the controversial positions taken hy Nverere is that of Tanzania's recognition of Biafra in 1968. Biafra was that part of Eastern Nigeria dominated by the Too ethnic group. With violent overthrow of the initial independence government of Premier Sir Abubakar Tafawa-Balewa in 1966 blamed to Ibo military leaders and their further being overthrown by the predominantly Northern Hausas in sympathy of Balewa, there ensued a pogrom which was highly publicised by the victimised lbos who went on to secede from Nigeria to form their own nation-state of "Biafra" under Colonel Odumegwu

The ensuing war for Nigerian re-unification was quite atrocious. To leave the situation alone merely as a Nigerian internal affair meant allowing what appeared to be genocide against the Ibos. To recognise Biafra on humanitarian terms meant drawing the attention and sympathy of the international community with a good chance of pacific settlement of the dispute. Nycrere's respect for human dignity and human rights overrode his stated stand on non-interference and on territorial integrity. He recognised Biafra in 1968. Three other African states followed suit and Nigeria went on at win the civil war in 1970 with less bloodshed. and constant attempt at pacific resolutions through the conference table and minimal animosities between Nigeria and the states which recognised Biafra. A few years later Nigeria joined the ranks of the "Front Line States" whose Chairman was Julius Nyerere of Tanzania with Zambia the other state that recognised Biafra being a member. Therefore, sympathy rather than principles guided Nyerere's action in Tanzania's recognition of Biafra. It worked It must also be He accepts revolutions because a noted that Nverere is being cre-

lective cabinet (government) de-

Julius Kambarage Nycrere's philosophical thinking and teachings which are based on freedom, democracy, self-determination, human rights and development of friendly relations are in line with stipulations embodied in Article I of the United Nations Charter: "to maintain international peace and security, to develop friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination, to achieve international cooperation in solvine international problems and to harmonise the actions of nations in the attainment of the objectives.

The Nyerere stand on international resues is also not repugnant to the Charter of the Organisation of African Units to which he was elected chairman in 1984. Where Nyerere has appeared to have missed out in his foreign policies of international relations. it should not be counted as a 'black spot" against him rather as an investment for a brighter future. This can be seen in the Biafra situation when recognition was a catalyst to a quick solution that restored the territorial integrity of Nigeria. Lenin had said that one may sometimes move two steps back in order to proceed one step forward!

The Nyerere litmus test touches on aggression and changes of governments through coups or revolutions depending on the causes or purposes and the interests they are to serve. When Togo's first president, Sylvanus Olympio, was murdered in the process of the otherthrow of this regime just before the founding the Organisation of African Unity, there was a great uproar denouncing the action. This particular coup d'etat was frowned against. Consequently, Nyerere echoed the suggestion that there was no succession in Togo. His call reverberated in Addis Ababa on May 15, 1963, during the formation of the Organisation of African Unity. Nverere on that occasion voiced the fact that since democratic rights had been tempercd with, therefore, the representatives of Togo's new regime should no be seated. Certainly the meeting went on without

Furthermore, Nyercre distinguishes between coups d'etat and revolutions. He refuses to recogmise coups but tolerates the latter. revolution aims at getting state dited here only because he was power from imperialists, aggresthe executive head of state, sors or from existing "democrati-

the trust of the very people who put them to power. To Nyerere, the ultimate aim of a revolution Department of Political Science Nyerere's other contributions has to be to arrest power and revolutionary people with the aim of restoring their dignity, liberty, equality and freedom from the

exploitation of man hy man. On the other hand, when it comes to coups d'etat Nycrere is vehemently against them because to him a coup is a calculated effort by imperialists to destroy the socio-economic and political stability of sovercign states toppling of revolutionary or progressive leaders to give way for imperialists to dominate. The most outstanding case was that of Idi Amin Dada of Uganda who gyerthrew President Milton Obote in 1971. Nycrere completely and absolutely refused to recognise Amin as a leader of Uganda, For, to Nyerere the tonpling of the progressive government of Dr. Milton Obote by Idi Amin meant a calculated imperialist manocuvre with East Africa in mind as a target. The situation was further compounded by the fact that ldi Amin then went into rampage and started mass killing of people. Nyerere being a staunch adherer to human rights wasted no time in supporting Ugandan exiles who were committed to rid Uganda of the abominable Amin regime. He even allowed them to operate Tanzanian territory.

Liberation

On liberation. Nyerere has been on the front line since his country's independence on December 9, 1961. As a result of his sympathetic attitude, almost without exception, all the liberation movements in East, Central and Southern Africa, including those that are now in power in such countries as Angola, Comoros, Mozambique and Seychelles, and as far as Guinea-Bissau. had operated from Tanzania. Nyerere in fact went as far as to hreak relations with a donor country, Israel, in order to render at least a moral support to the liberation struggle of the Palestinians. Nyerere bad also broken diplomatic relations with Britain over Ian Smith's unduteral deelaration of independence in Rhodesia, the current Zimbabwe in 1965. Given this long standing involvement, it was justifiable for the Frootline Presidents tuchoose Mwalimu Julius Nyerere as their chairman. In fact since the establishment of the OAU in 1963, the Coordinating Committee fur the Liberation Movements has had its headquarters in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. The executive

otherwise the decision was a col- cally" elected-regimes that beffay secretary of the liberation committee has always been a Tanzanian appointed by former President Nyerere.

Nycrere's deep involvement in c hocration strugg of his experience of having suffered under colonial rule. He understands the pains inflicted upon the victims of colonial domination. Thus he has continued to support self determination in southern Africa and Western Sahara, among others. Nyerere differentiates colonialism from liberation in that colonialism serves the interests of the through the assassinations or the ulien propertied class while national liberation to Nverere involves a positive development of the people. And, although liberation struggles do involve a measure of violence, Nyerere does not rule out peaceful means of attaining state power as was the case of his own country and of Uganda, Zambia, Ghana, Nigeria, etc. Nevertheless Nycrere believes that when peaceful means are doomed to failure, then liberation should make a qualitative turn-about and embark upon armed struggle as the last reson. The main point here is that, in essence, Nyerere does no favour the use of force except if all peaceful remedies had been exhansted and the oppressed could only he listened to after resonances of barrels of guns.

Aggression

This quotation of part of a provision of the U.N. Charter leads us to Nycrere's stand on war and aggression. He has always maintained that there is no state in the world that can tolerate aggression. He, therefore, supported the British against Argentina in the Falkland/Malvinas crisis after Britain had branded Argentina as an

After seven years of work, the United Nations in 1974 defined aggression in the following rds: "Aggression is the use of armed force by a state against the sovereignty, territorial integrity or pulitical independence of another state of in any other manner inconsistent with the Charter of the United Nations, as set out in this definition."

Thus when Idi Amin's troops attacked and captured the Kagera Salient in North/West Tanzania in October 1978, Nyerere hranded it a war of aggression and went all out to effect the total annihilation of the Amin regime in Uganda within six months and paved the way for the return of former President Milton Ohote to run the third republic in Uganda.

Human rights

In terms of homan rights, Nye-

rerc's humanitarianism goes Eastern Block countries, the Nybeyond the boundaries of Africa to reach places as far as Afghanistan. Czecboslovakia, Ireland, Korea, Middle East. Victnam, Nicaragua and wherever diasporan Africans are denied their human rights as is the continuing saga of the victims of apartheid in South Africa. Nyerere's pursuit of human rights knows no limits and does not discriminate political ideologies, race, colour, creed, sex or inclinations of those who are locked in the struggle. Nyerere's stand is as follows:

"If they are capitalists we must support them: if they are liberals, we must upport them:

if they are Communists, we must support them; if they are Socialists, we must

We support them as national-When Uganda's Idi Amin reginc violated so much of the human rights of Tanzanians during its attack and capture of the Katera salient causing Amin to drag about it to the international community. Nyerere, in retaliation, unlashed the total might of Tanzania to effect the complete banishment of the Amin regime. In the process, Nyerere had this

"This is a lesson to Amin and any other person; he must know that there is no parameter around the punishment for invasion. It can be the end of the regime of the invaders.

Friendship

Friendship with other countries is, according to Nverere, considered in relations to effects on Tanzanian goals of political, economic and social freedom. Where other countries attempt bullypolitics against Tanzania. Nycrere has not been afraid to tell them where to go. For instance, on July 7, 1981, in a Peasant's Day speech to the nation from Kigoma, a pott city on the eastern shores of Lake Tanganyika. Nyerere castigated pressures to devalue the Tanzanian shilling, et al. by the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund. And, in 1965, Nyerere told the Federal Republic of Germany to pack up and go home after she threatened to stop her aid to Tanzania because the Democratic Republic of Germany had been allowed to open an embassy in Dar es Salaam

International Law has not been spared of a Nyerere's contribution. For the Nyerere Doctrine of state succession to treaties is as valid today as it was when he first propounded it in 1961. Unlike Western countries, the doctrine does not offer a blanket inheritance of treaties and unlike the Foreign Affairs Review.

crere doctrine does oot give a blanket rejection either. Instead: an h Nyercre's doctrine accepts some; la a treaties as they are, rejects some hamou uncompromisingly and offers a two year period for negotiating the rest, as a prescription or a guide for a new nation.

Conclusion

meral:

In conclusion, I would like to make it quite elear that Julius Kambarage Nyerere of Tanzania is not a "hawk." He is a "dove." He has always lived for the honour of Africa and for the dignity of man. To Nyerere, man is the centre of all activities. The preservation of the rights of man are fundamental in a genuine democracy. To Nyerere, genuinc participation in decision making and in policy formulation and the exercise of freedom of speech by applying democracy, are cardinal rights of citizenship. Where there is such genuine democracy, people can truly exercise the rights to select their leaders. The leader must therefore be democratically elected candidate to qualify as a true leader and a true representative of the people. The powers of the leader are vested in him by the people. He holds these powers in trust. These powers originate from the people who thus remain as the custodians of these powers. The leader should at no time consider the powers entrusted to him as his personal or private propenies. Nyerere has practised these principles even under a one-party state.

Where there are seeming contradictions, such as in the conlinuing presence of the Preventive Detention Act, his support for liberation movements which may be violent or in the recogninon of Biafra which went down to defeat, at all these should not be looked at as failures in Nyerere's contribution to international relations theory. Rather, Nycrere took the decisions or participated in the making of the relevant collective decision only in order to protect life and limb or to accelerate movement toward pacific settlement of the dispute. He is a man of peace and is always trying to fulfill the prayer of Saint Francis of Assiss, for hope where there is despair, love where there is hate, and human dignity where before there was. only humiliation. To this end, Nyerere effected the placing of a Freedom torch on top of Mount Kilimanjaro at the moment of Tanzania mainland's (Tanganyika's) independence day on Dec. 9. 1961, to shine beyond our borders exemplifying the presence of light at the other end of the tunnel for those to whom the struggie continues - Yugoslav

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

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BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — Police said Tuesday that a car exploded near a Syrian checkpoint in west Beirut shortly after midnight, wounding three Syrian soldiers and a Palestinian leader. The explosive-packed car blew up at 12:15 a.m. (1015 GMT Monday) near the southern entrance to the Mar Elias Palestinian refugee camp. The Palestinian group Fatch-uprising, headed by Col. Saeed Mousa, or Abu Mousa, said in a statement released overnight the blast was an attempt to assassinate its secretary-general, Ahu Fadi Hammad. No group claimed responsibility for the bombing. Abu Mousa is struggling with Palestine Liberation Organisation Chairman Yasser Arafat for control of Palestinian refugee camps in Lebanon. The statement said the bomb-laden car was detonated by remote control as Hammad was driving across the Syrian checkpoint near the camp. He suffered serious wounds. There was no word on the condition of the wounded Syrians.

Iran calls for immediate Soviet withdrawal

NICOSIA (R) - Iran called Tuesday for an immediate Soviet troop withdrawal from Afghanistan and said Moscow's suspension of its pullout would hinder peace efforts. "The Soviet Union should withdraw all its troops from the Islamic neighbouring Afghanistan immediately," Iran's official news agency IRNA quoted a foreign ministry spokesman as saying. He said the suspension would complicate and hinder peace efforts in Afghanistan while a full pullout would bring a popular government to power, added IRNA, monitored in Nicosia. He said Tehran welcomed the partial Soviet withdrawal and hoped it would continue. The Kremlin said Friday it had suspended its troop withdrawal from Afghanistan because of the worsening military situation there. The move was criticised by the United States.

W. Germans allege Turkish brutality

HANOVER. West Germany (R) - A group of West Germans who were arrested last week during a Turkish military trial they went to observe said Monday they were treated brutally by Turkish guards during their brief detention. Six members of the group of nine West Germans who were detained also told a news conference they had written to West German President Richard von Weizsaecker urging him to intercede on behalf of four Greeks detained with them last Friday. The group, who like the Greeks attended the trial of leftist opponents of the Turkish regime as observers, said they told von Weizsaecker they had beard the screams of people being tortured in police beadquarters in Ankara. "We fear the worst for the Greeks still being held there," they wrote. The West Germans, who went to Ankara with the blessing of the Bonn foreign ministry, said they were treated brutally. Schoolteacher Reinhard Seyler said he was knocked down by a Turkish guard and Heidi Alm-Merk, a Social Democratic member of the Lower Saxony parliament, said she was hit for crying out "when guards started heating up one of the

Turkey investigates Greek protesters

ANKARA, Turkey (AP) - A prosecutor said Monday that an investigation was continuing in the case of four Greeks who were detained in Ankara after a human rights protest last week. "The investigation continues. They (Greeks) will not be released easily," prosecutor Nusret Demiral told reporters while leaving

the courthouse. Demiral refused to answer any other questions. A spokesman for 28 Greek human rights activists who arrived in Ankara Sunday to support the four detained protesters said the group would not leave Turkey unless the detainees were freed. "We hope that the Turkish authorities release our friends as soon as possible before the situation gets even worse," Dimosthenis Kouvides said. Meanwhile, Foreign Minister Mesut Yilmaz said in a written statement that the four Greeks would face the "same legal procedure which applies to anyone who breaks the Turkish laws." Police detained 24 Greeks and West Germans Friday in an Ankara courtroom when they unfurled hanners calling for general amnesty for several hundred leftists on trial for political killing and allegedly attempting to stage a Communist revolution.

Conservative Jews criticise orthodox israelis

NEW YORK (AP) — The conservative movement of Judaism has called on Israel's Likud Bloc and Labour Party to withstand demands by orthodox parties that hold the balance in Israeli politics. Neither Likud nor Labour emerged from last week's parliamentary elections with enough seats to form a majority. The 18 seats won by several small orthodox parties could give either side a majority. Among demands being made by the Israeli religious parties are outlawing abortion and antopsies and halting mass transit on the sabbath. They also want automatic Israeli citizenship be available to converts to Judaism only if their conversions were performed by ortbodox rahhis. The statement by the conservative movement was released at the Jewish theological seminary in New York and urged Labour and Likud to "reject the blackmail demands," the New York Times reported Tuesday. Orthodox rabbi Max Schreir, the president of the Rabbinical Council of America, responded saying, "remember, tbeir (orthodox) gains were won in a democratic election."

French defence minister meets King Fahd

RIYADH (R) — French Defence Minister Jean-Pierre Chevenement conferred with King Fahd Monday at the end of a weekend visit to Saudi Arahia, the Saudi Press Agency reported. Chevenement told a news conference Sunday that during his visit be had discussed a possible sale of French arms to Saudi Arabia but gave no details. France has 13 naval ships in the region and the minister said there were no immediate plans to scale down the force sent last year to protect French commercial ships in the Gulf. Iran and Iraq frequently attacked vessels in the waterway as part of their eight-year war but the two sides ended the fighting on Aug. 20 under a United Nations-sponsored ceasefire. Chevenement, who arrived Saturday, flew to the Muslim Holy City of Medina for talks with the Saudi monarch before leaving for Cairo.

Gulf states to review security pact

RIYADH (R) - Saudi Arabian Interior Minister Prince Navef Ibn Abdul Aziz said a draft security pact between six Gulf Arab states would be reviewed at a ministerial meeting next year. Leaders of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), a political and economic alliance, approved the draft security agreement last December. The GCC has been working on the pact since 1982. Speaking at the end of talks between GCC interior ministers Monday, Nayef said negotiations on the security pact were continuing and they might hold more meetings before the end of the year. The ministers from Saudi Arahia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Oman and the United Arah Emirates were trying to reach

21-year-old Soha Bishara shot Lahd twice

Lebanese National Front claims attempt to assassinate Lahd

BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — The Lebanese National Front, a coalition of resistance militias, claimed responsibility Tuesday for trying to assassinate Maj. Gen. Antoine Lahd, the commander of the Israelibacked South Lebanon Army (SLA).

The claim was published in serious incident. We are investi-Beirut newspapers a day after gating." Lahd was shot and wounded in Israel's self-designated "security

zone" in South Lebanon. Lahd was transported hy belicopter to an Israeli bospital in Haifa, where a spokesman said be was in stable condition

A spokesman for Rambam Hospital in Haifa, told Israeli army radio that Lahd was in a recovery room Tuesday morning after a "massive operation" on his right arm and upper part of cbest to heal a damaged blood

Israel's head of northern com-mand, Gen. Yossi Peled, called the attempt on Lahd's life "a in the Israeli-occupied West Bank

Army radio said Israeli forces planned to increase security around Lahd's home.

The statement published in Beirut identified the female assailant as Soha Fawaz Bishara, a Christian from the South Lebanon village of Deir Mimas, which is inside the "security zone."

It said Bisbara, 21, was a member of the Lehanese Communist Party from 1982 until 1987, when she joined the Lebanese National Front. The front includes the Communists.

The front also charged that Rabih and Ron. to elect a new national president.

The statement said, "what has bappened to this traitor will happen to the other forces of isolation and partition," a reference to Samir Geagea, commander of the Lebanese Forces and Army Commander Gen. Michel Aoun. Acun heads the Christian cal-inet in the dual government that emerged when former President Amin Gemayel's term expired

Sept. 23. Tnesday's statement was accompanied by a photograph of

The SLA-run Voice of the South said Bishara works at one The statement said the operaof the health clubs backed by Lahd's wife, Minerva. Mrs. Lahd with Caesar Saqr, a press official border.

for the SLA, and Lahd's sons

Lahd was preparing to declare a separate mini-state, supporting the government in the Christian (1800 GMT), Bishara shot him heartland north of Beirut that twice in the shoulder, the radio emerged after parliament failed said. The town is six kilometres north of the Israeli border.

> SLA troops arrested Bishara shortly after the sbooting and were holding ber for questioning.
>
> Lahd, a Maronite and a retired officer of Lebanon's regular army, took over as SLA commander in September 1984, after his predecessor died of cancer in

> Lahd's forces in soutbern Lebanon have clashed repeatedly with Palestinian fighters and Shi'ites of the pro-Iranian Hezbollah group and the Amal milina

Lahd's shooting came just one day after SLA soldiers killed three fighters in a clasb near bad invited Bishara for tea along Naqoura, north of the Israeli

Egypt honours Naguib Mahfouz

CAIRO (Agencies) - President film scripts. Hosni Mubarak bestowed Egypt's highest honour, the Collar of the Nile, on 1988 Nobel literature laureate Naguib Mahfouz Monday.

"Thank you, Mahfouz, for granting us this great happing us and thank you for bringing us together to celebrate a day we. will remember as one of the great days in our history," said Mubarak after presenting the 76 yearold author with the award.

Mahfouz last month became the first Arah to win the Nobel Literature Prize and many writers in the region saw it as a long overdue recognition of Arah cul-

"Honouring an Egyptian writer is an honour for all Arab writers," Muharak said.

Mahfouz bas written 40 novels and collections of sbort stories, several plays and more than 30 League official had attended a his culture.

After receiving the medallion, be told the audience of Egyptian ministers and Arab literary figures that the ceremony was proof of Mubarak's respect for literature and writers.

He wished the president good

luck in his own endeavours, saying: "I would like very soon to come and congratulate you for your victory over the problems facing Egypt." Sture Allen, permanent secret-ary of Sweden's Academy of Let-

ters which awards the prize, said it was "an indication of the quality, the richness and the universal nterest of the recipient's cultural

The award ceremony, televised live, marked a small milestone in Egypt's return to the Arab fold. It was the first time an Arab with Israel. Mahfouz supported

general of the Arab League distort over the years."

government function in Egypt Organisation for Education, Cul-since the league suspended Cairo ture and Science, told the audibecause of its 1979 peace treaty ence that Mahfouz's Nohel Prize "corrected the image of the Arab he treaty. burnan being which the enemies Mohie Al Din Saber, director of the Arab Nation have tried to

Cairo meeting stresses Arab children's future

AMMAN (Petra) — The Queen
Alia Social Welfare Fund has participated in a seminar entitled

They also stressed the importance of establishing centres that serve the child's culture and fami-Arab Council for Child Develop- arts. ment held in Cairo early

At the conclusion of the sessions, the participants adopted a number of recommendations dealing with the Arah child and

"Toward a better cultural future ly, and of creating an award for for the Arab Child" which the children excelling in sciences and During the seminar, a special

> Palestinian children's conditions in the occupied territories and the cultural deprivation they are suffering from

report was presented on the

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

While taking stringent measures to curtail spending, the govlargest sectors of the population, the minister said.

The recent measures could seem harsh for some sectors of the public but in fact they are intended as a means to alleviate the burden placed on the national economy and should lead to an improvement in the Kingdom's balance of payments, Tabbaa

The minister said that govern-

levelopment. Patterns of behaviour within

(Continued from page 1)

by Iraq and 1,115 Iraqis held by

Iran, who have been identified by

An ICRC spokeswoman con-

firmed that that number had been registered, but said "since we

have not been able to visit all

PoWs we may assume there are

more" ill and injured prisoners.

Foreign Minister Ali Mohammad

In Knwait, Iranian Deputy

the ICRC.

PNC to declare only state

(Continued from page 1) Jamil Hilal, the head of the PLO Information Department,

Tahbaa lamented the present situation where Jordan employs a quarter of a million non-Jordanian workers while thousands of young citizens remain unem-East peace settlement. ployed because they await whitecollar jobs which require no real

said the debate centred on U.N. resolutions, specifically mention-Resolution 242. ing 242;

other U.N. resolutions.

"I think 242 will be mentioned. hut how will be left to the last minute," he added.

Khomeini calls for free social expression NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) —

Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini side," IRNA reported,
Monday declared that free social

Jomhuri Islami is usually the expression is the best way to settle disputes in society.

The official Islamic Republic News Agency, monitored in Nicosia, reported that Khomeini said in an open letter published in the Jomhuri Islami daily that 'academic argument should ... be encouraged rather than suppressed in the interest of dogmatic interpretation and authoritarian

tremes or try to defame the other

mouthpiece for hardline revolutionary factions.

IRNA said Khomeini's letter was a detailed reply to one from a jatoleslam Ansari seeking a "conclusive judgement" from the revolutionary patriarch on where he stands in relation to "either of the divergent ideological orientations in Iran.'

That was an apparent reference But he warned the advocates of to the differences hetween any opinion "not to go to ex- pragmatic leaders such as parlia-

Mohtashemi.

matters in the past, have intensified since Khomeini accepted a United Nations-sponsored ceasefire in the war with Iraq in July and widened to include foreign policy and post-war reconstruc-

Until recently, Khomeini bad sided with the more conservative

ment speaker Hashemi Rafsan- elements in his government who jani and hardliners led by Prime advocate a centralised economic Minister Hussein Musavi and In- system, an isolationist foreign terior Minister Ali Akbar policy and unflinching adherence to the Holy Koran.

These differences, which have The fundamentalists were also the ceasefire, which took effect

However, with the Iranian economy devastated by the war with Iraq, and the country virtually isolated from the West, the more pragmatic leaders led by Rafsanjani seem to bave gained the upper band.

no-one should remain idle, living

off other people's work and con

suming things which his society

does not produce," the minister

effort. "No society in the world

can ensure enough white-collar

jobs for all its citizens," Tabhaa

Tabbaa said the government

was holding contacts with finan-

cial institutions to set up indus-

tries employing locally produced raw materials like potash, and

phosphate to make fertilisers to

be used in the country and ex-

He said Jordan's central geog-

raphical location and its proxim-

ity to Europe and the Arab coun-

tries help it to export its agricultu-

counts on its research and

academic centres and other in-

stitutions to help resolve its agri-

cultural and industrial problems.

The minister said the country

ported to other markets.

ral products.

Iran, Iraq reach accord

No change in basic goods the society should change and

stressed.

(Continued from page 1) shun luxurious bebaviour.

In a lecture, he delivered at Yarmouk University, Tahhaa, said the government had started applying austerity measures on its own departments and stopped purchasing cars, furniture and other commodities and reduced officials' travel abroad to a

ernment bas maintained the prices of basic services like water and electricity to benefit the

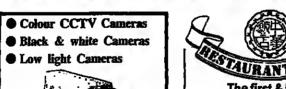
ment's subsidy of a number of commodities would not stop and more money should be available as a result of the new economic regulations to help boost national

Hilal told Reuters in Tunis Tuesday three options were under discussion for inclusion in a political statement setting out the organisation's view of a Middle

- A reference to all U.N.

resolutions on the Middle East conflict, without specifically men-- A reference to all U.N.

 A reference to 242, coupled with the right to Palestinian selfdetermination as specified in



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Besharati said Tuesday peace talks with Iraq could drag on for several years but there was little chance their eight-year-old war would resume.

The senior official on a tour of

Arab Gulf states said Iran and

Saudi Arabia were discussing the tactical ploy.

restoration of diplomatic ties, cut by Riyadh this year after it ac-cused Iran of inciting bloody riots in Mecca. He told a news conference the ceasefire with Iraq had opened a

states hold talks on regional Iraq meanwhile complained to

new page in Iran's ties with Arab

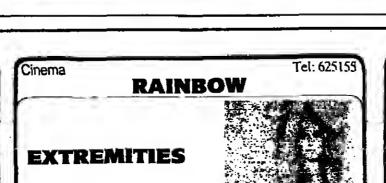
states, and proposed that all Gulf

the United Nations that Iran was threatening to trigger a fresh bout of the war by erdering troops to its front lines. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) qunted Aziz as telling U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuel-

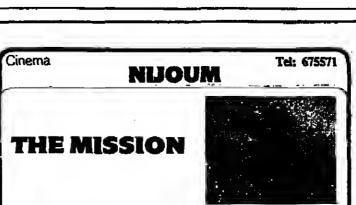
lar Monday that Iranian agree-

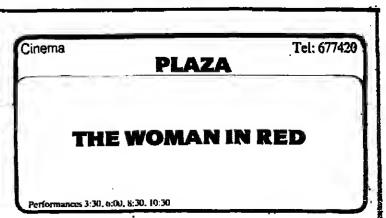
ment to a ceasefire was merely a





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U.S., EC urge freer trade to aid Third World economies

GENEVA (R) — The United States and the European Community (EC) urged developing nations Tuesday to concentrate on improving their economic and trading systems rather than demanding special treatment from richer states.

Michael Samuels told the annual meeting of the 96 member states of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) that it was unacceptable to encourage exemption of Third World states promoted rather than hindered from rules governing world com-

He described as "old theology"

U.S. deputy trade negotiator favourable treatment in the Uruguay Round of trade-liberalising negotiations currently being con-ducted under GATT auspices. Samuels said experience had shown that trade liberalisation

> economic policy for countries at all levels of development.

economie growth, and was sound

GATT obligations." he said. GATT rules govern about four-fifths of world trade.

EC chief delegate Tran Van-Thinh said developing nations needed to create new jobs for their people, but this required improved domestic economie policies that would encourage initiative and growth.

Too many past policies had failed due to excessive government involvement, he said.

Brazil and India led a drive by developing nations at the two-day GATT session for industrialised the view that developing countries should receive special and couraging exemptions from meet Third World interests when

progress at the mid-way stage of the world trade talks comes under review at a meeting of ministers in Montreal next month.

Among goals sought by developing countries at Montreal are the opening up of advanced markets to tropical products, and the adherence by industrialised countries to promises not to introduce new restrictions during the four-year negotiations launcbed in 1986.

The negotiations are aimed at freeing the flow of trade in 14 areas, including manufactured goods and agriculture, and in service industries such as banking, insurance and tnurism.

Khomeini skirts economic controversy

leader, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, has refused to take sides on the burning issue of how much the government should control the economy.

His ruling, published Monday by the Tehran newspaper Jomhuri Eslami, left two opposing factions in the leadership to argue over Iran's future course after eight years of war with Iraq.

Khomeini was replying to a senior aide who had sought a definitative policy at a time of "growing rivalries" between supporters of a free economy and advocates of tight government

His statement, dated Nov. I. said Islam could accommodate taken because of disagreements both views, as well as different opinions on a wide range of social and cultural questions.

'Academic argument should be given a high place in Islam and be encouraged rather than suppressed in the interest of dogmatic interpretations and authoritarian outlooks." the franian News

control billions of dollars in small

years with few controls, faced a

Tuesday night deadline to tell

The Capital Markets Author-

how many agreed to abide by the

June law and how many planned

Newspapers reported that 21

public and accept scrutiny.

Nicosia, quoted Khomeini as

He also said powers such as the United States and the Soviet Union — "the two colonialist demons" — had harmful designs on Iran and officials should not lose sight of the foreign threat when

debating domestic policies.
Political analysts said Khomeini's statement was likely to prolong debates on the course of Iran's post-war reconstruction which have made so far little headway despite his prodding. Most senior Iranian leaders

have said strict war-time economic policies will be moderated, but no concrete action has been over key issues.

Khomeini said both factions were united in the will to "rid the people of leecb-like elements affiliated to the government and the Bazaar ... and end rip-offs and hoarding in government and pri-

they wanted to stay in business.

back depositors within two years

or face legal action. Fears have

Customers demanding their

pany offices after finding firms

have suspended deposits and

Depositors have also protested

have the funds to do so.

Those which liquidate their

CAIRO (R) - Egyptian author- out of 106 firms affected by the

ities are facing a sbowdowo with law bad forwarded their decision

Islamic finance companies which in the authority and most said

More than 100 privately-owned affairs will undergo detailed offi-

firms which have operated for cial investigation and must pay

authorities whether they will go been voiced that some may not

ity, an official regulatory agency, money back in recent months

was due to announce Wednesday have demonstrated outside com-

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separate central healing.

withdrawals.

Egyptian Islamic finance firms

face showdown with government

Agency IRNA, monitored in On wrongdoing in government was a departue from his previous remarks and would be seized on by the private sector in its efforts' to persuade the government to liberalise the economy.

The daily Resalat, mouthpiece pro-private sector groups, has recently sharpened its criticism of the government of Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Mousavi, calling for deep policy changes and the removal of ministers resisting

Mousavi has made clear that he will oppose major changes. saying that any new approach sbould be based on the achievements of the government's wartime policies.

Resalat published a series of articles last month saying that, instead of reducing inflation and belping the poor, the government's virtual takeover of commerce had created a rampant black market and widespread

It said subsidised rations of Analysts said this direct attack basic goods were insufficient and companies.

outside the office of President

Hosni Mubarak, a sign of the sort

of problem the government could

face if thousands of Egyptians

Mubarak told journalists Mon-

readers of Britain's "Executive

tion's 1988 poll considered Swis-

sair's cabin staff to be the most

efficient in the world. Switzer-

land's national airline was also

questions.

water tank

Respondents in the publica-

Travel" magazine.

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voted best carrier within Europe quality of its in-flight wines. and

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people had to resort to the black market, where government monopoly goods such as sugar and cigarettes were abundant at exhorbitant prices.

Resalat said the commerce ministry had effectively blocked a plan to allow the private sector to mport goods such as poultry feed, tyres, sugar, car spare parts and medical supplies and sell them with no price control.

The plan was announced by President Ali Khamenei Oct. 18 as the first decision of a committee of senior officials entrusted by Khomeini with formulating reconstruction policies.

Khamenei, an advocate of free economic policies, has differed publicly with Mousavi over the role of foreign countries in Iran's reconstruction.

He said it was ebildish to think Iran could repair war damage without foreign help, while Mousavi has said that Iran should not open its doors to foreign

day the government was commit-

ted "to regain depositors" rights.

bas at times assumed the propor-

tions of soap opera.

passengers daily.

Singapore Airlines.

The saga of the Islamic firms

Overall, Swissair was joint run-

ner-up in the poll, behind British

Airways. The Swiss flag carrier

shares the number two slot with

Moroccan budget envisages low inflation, deficits and high growth

year, he said.

workers.

finances.

The overall balance of pay-

ments deficit would be below one

per cent of GDP, thanks mainly

Morocco's foreign debts top

\$17 billion or about 105 per cent

of GDP. Berrada said there could

be "nn let up in our readjustment

and restructuring efforts," to re-

RABAT (R) - Sustained econo- Third World, and maintain ecomic growth, low inflation and the reduction of deficits will be the keynotes of Morocco's 1989 budget, Finance Minister Mohammad Berrada told parliament Monday night,

Berrada said he hoped to hold inflation below three per cent. one of the lowest rates in the

nomic growth at between three and four per cent next year.

Gross domestic product (GDP) growth was "particularly high" at six per cent this year thanks to record harvests, a surge in exports and favourable performance in other sectors, be said.

Britain doubles credits to Iraq

an apparent bid to improve relutions strained over London's endorsement of American charges that Baghdad used ehemical weapons against Kurdish rebels in northern Iraq.

British Minister of Trade and Industry Tony Newton told reporters that he and his Iraqi counterpart, Mohammad Mehdi Saleh, signed a £340 million (\$612 million) eredit agreement for

The 1988 agreement was valued at £175 million (\$310 mil-

Newton, speaking at the end of the seventh United Kingdom-Iraq joint commission talks, said "the new protocol is an indication of the importance with which the U.K. regards its political and commercial ties with Iraq."

Newton is the highest ranking British official to visit Iraq since an Aug. 20 ceasefire in the eightvear Iran-Irag war.

BAGHDAD (R) - Britain dou- flects the confidence of (the Britbled its credits to Iraq Monday in ish) government in the longterm strength uf the Iraqi econumy and the opportunities for an increased level of hiluteral trade following the ceasefire," Newton said.

He said the new agreement would allow a £65 million (\$115)

milliun) contract for a power station, won hy the Northern Engineering Industries (NEI), to proceed immediately.

The 1987 trade balance was in Irag's favour with exports to Britain, mainly oil, amounting to £324 million (\$573 million) while British exports to Iraq were worth £267 million (\$472 million).

Newton said he expected the balance tn shift to Britain's favour this year, adding British exports to Iraq for the first eight months were £253 million (\$448 million) and its imports were £110 million (\$195 million) in the first half of 1988.

Newton said he expected no problems with Iraq repaying its debts to Britain despite the na-"This substantial increase re- tion's war-ravaged economy.

Ethiopia opens door to private traders

ADDIS ABABA (R) — Socialist Ethiopia is offering local businessmen a bigger role in the economy, joining the growing list of Marxist states which are easing restrictions on private enterprise.

But President Mengistu Haile Mariam said in a report to the Central Committee of the ruling Workers Party of Ethiopia, released Tuesday, that the initiative did not mean a deviation from the government's socialist aims.

"Nationals with knowhow and capital and (who are) willing to AMMAN - Swissair has been acclaimed no. I worldwide for the invest privately or in shares in agriculture, industry, hotels and and best short-haul carrier by the for the food it serves to its 20,000 catering may do so." Mengistu said.

The new initiative is in addition to Ethiopia's existing policy of allowing foreign investment and oint ventures.

Last month, Planning Minister the government planned to introduce more flexible economic poli-

cies to boost exports. The radical military officers ductive farmland.

who overthrew emperor Haile Selassic in 1974 nationalised most Ethiopian businesses and have since then run the economy on rigid Soviet-style lines. But at the start of 1988 the

government took steps to give private traders a larger role in grain marketing and allowed a modest increase in producer prices for farmers. Mengistu said that the oew policy, which will be im-

plemented in the second five-year plan due hy mid-1989, meant businessmen could participale in developing farms in fertile but so-far under-utilised regions.

The aim would be to supply both local and export markets. Cattle-breeding and dairy farming were potentially lucrative areas for development, he said.

Mengistu said that the govern-Mersie Ejigu told Reuters that ment's resettlement of 618,699 pensants from the arid north to more fertile regions had added 371,000 acres tn Ethiopia's pro-

Japan remains in lead in per capita savings

GENEVA (AP) - Japan re-tained its lead as the world's leader in per capita savings last year, beating out the thrifty Swiss for a second straight year, according to an international survey published Monday.

The study by the International Savings Banks Institute said Japanese per eapita, savings reached \$38,439 by the end of 1987, an increase of \$11,136 over the previous year. Switzerland, formerly the long-

time leader, recorded per capita savings of \$34,763, an increase of about \$9,500. The 35-nation survey counted

only bank savings. The report cited the strong value of the yen and Swiss franc

against the dollar as the main factors contributing to the high

Switzerland was followed by Belgium with \$17,987, West Germany with \$16,102 and Austria with \$13,269,

The report said that savings remained at a "good level due to a generally good control of inflation in several countries, the good economie performance average and... a small decrease in unemployment."

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The overall treasury deficit was 6.2 per cent of GDP in 1987. It

Berrada promised that taxes would not be increased. On the will be down to five per cent this contrary the 100 dirbams (about year and fall to 3.2 per cent next \$12) exit tax will be abolished. taxes on foreign pensions will be He also predicted that the ratio cut by 75 per cent to encourage of exports to imports would rise retirees to settle in Morocco, and to 71 per cent this year compared numerous stamp dues and reg-istration fees will be reduced. to 66 per cent last year, thanks to low oil prices and reduced food

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in a final phase of fiscal reform, a new general income tax will be introduced to make the Moroccan taxation system "one of the most modern in the de-

to higher tnurism receipts and veloping world." Berrada said. He said "absolute priority" remittances from emigrant would continue to be giveo to defence. The government's second priority will be agriculture to attain self-sufficiency in food. He said the outlook called for "prudent optimism" but that there was still a long haul ahead to straighten out the kingdom's

In the next two years some 1.5 billion dirhams (\$180 million) will be spent on salary increases for civil servants, while state investments will rise from 16 to 18 hillion dirhams (\$2.2 billion).

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Toesday Nov. 8, 1988

	Central	Bank	Dincial fates		
	Bay	Sell		Buy 367. t	Sell. 368.9
akillar nd Sterling tschemark n franc ch franc	458 0 815,4 257 6 307 4 75,5	440.0 819.5 258.9 308.9 75.9	Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown Ittalian fira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)	228.5 74.3 34.7 t23.2	229.6 74.7 34.9 123.8

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

Activity on the Amman Financial Market for Nov. 8, 1988.

Number	Volume	Contracts
1808179	JD 2751377	1582
3110	JD 447452	136
110050	JD 328529	75
168316	JD 234874	120
26194	JD 13897	_
_	_	_
_	_	_
	1808179 3110 110050 168316	Number Volume 1808179 JD 2751377 3110 JD 447452 110050 JD 328529 168316 JD 234874 26194 JD 13897 —

JORDAN BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Jordan Commercial Centres Corporation 603507 Free Zones Corporation 642001 A63186 Amman Chamber of Commerce 666151 Amman Chamber of Industry 644747 Association of Banks in Jordan 662258 Income Tax Department (40)51 Amman Customs Department 772181 Social Security Corporation ... 643000 Jordan Industrial Estates . 721194 Corporation

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar 1.7700.7800 1.2348.58

1,7820 27 2.0090/0100 1.493845 37, 33/36 6.0785 0805 1323/1324 t25.25/35 6.1700/50 6.6400/50 6.8620/70

One ounce of enld 421,70,422,00

Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Association

Rising corporate debt raises Washington's fears

WASHINGTON (R) -- Federal Reserve (Fed) Board Chairman Alan Greenspan has expressed concern about the risk to lenders and the US economy from the rising use of debt to finance leveraged buynuts and eorporate takeovers. In a letter to Senate Banking

Committee member James Sasser. Greenspan said the Fed did not yet fully understand why the use of debt financing had mushroomed in the current de-"But it think it's widely recog-

nised that the tax system provides some incentives toward leverage, and it would be appropriate for the Congress to continue looking at that problem," he said. The central bank chairman's

letter predated the \$17 billion buyout proposal by the top managers of RJR Nabisco Inc. a price later toped by Kohlberg Kravis Roberts's \$20 hillion offer for the tobacco conglumerate, the higgest ever takeover bid. In a leveraged buyout, a small

group of investors uses a small amount of its own money and much more in borrowed funds to buy all of a company's stock, taking the firm private. They peel off some assets, sell them and tap the remaining cash flow 10 pay off the debt. The deals offer the possibility of spectacular rewards at a time many managers regard their stock as undervalued. The Fed, in its supervisory

capacity, has looked closely at the lending activities of individual banks, Greenspan said. It has cautioned the banking industry generally to be certain of the soundness of leveraged buyout loans, he added. Some bank-

ing analysis warry that a recession could batter the recently privatised debt-laden firms and leave many banks saddled with more bad loans. Also in his letter, sent in response to questions posed by the banking committee. Greenspan

said the drop in the dollar since 1985 has set in motion forces that should continue to help the U.S. trade performance for some time

Conventional forecasting models suggest that, if exchange rates were to remain unchanged, the U.S. current account might begin to deteriorate after 1990, Greenspan said. But be said these models do not capture all aspects of the process of external adjustment, such as increases in U.S. productive capacity

"In short, we simply do not know enough to predict when, if ever, the ongoing improvement in our current account will be reversed, even at current exchange rates," Greenspan said.

Roman retains super flyweight title

LAS VEGAS (R) - Mexico's with each man searching for an Gilberto Roman used a piercing ab and superb defence to retain his World Boxing Council super flyweight title on a unanimous points decision over Jose "Sugar Baby" Rojas of Colombia Monday.

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If was Roman's second consecutive victory over Rojas. The Mexican won the title with a 12-round decision over Rojas last

Roman, defending his title for the third time, was able to keep the former champion at bay throughout most of the fight hy blocking punches and landing effective counter blows.

The only real damage to either fighter came in the third round when their heads collided, openmg cuts along the side of the left

eve of both fighters.

opening and attacking briefly in an effort to create one. Roman scored consistently

with his jab and follow up right to the head. The 26-year-old champion amply displayed his talent in the

fourth round when he connected with combinations to the head, backing Rojas into the ropes. Rojas, also 26, punched his was off the ropes, but Roman im-

mediately resumed the attack.

Roman, now 51-4-1, first won
the title over Jiro Watanabe of Japan in 1986. After six successful defences of the 52-kilogramme title, he lost it to Santos Laciar of Argentina in May, 1987 on an 11th-round knockout.

Rojas, now 30-2-1, beat Laciar three months later to claim the ritle in a 12-round decision, but lost it to Roman in his second Most of the bout was tactical, defence last April.

Gullit misses crucial match

MILAN (R) - Dutch international Rund Gullit will miss Wednesday's crucial European Cup second round second leg clash against Red Star Belgrade in Yngoslavia because of a pulled thigh muscle, the Italian Club said Monday.

Gullit, who has yet to play a full match this season after injuring an ankle, limped off after 30 minutes of Milan's 2-I win at Verona Sunday having scored a

Milan said European footballer

would not play. "It would be dangerous for him to play. Ruud has got to be ready for the Dutch National Side friendly against Italy on November 16," Club doctor Giovanni Monti said.

Red Star held the Italians to a surprise 1-1 draw in the first leg two weeks ago and Gullit said: "I very much wanted to play in this important match."

Milan manager Arrigo Sacchi said all the other players were fit and that he would replace Guliit of the year Gullit would travel to with Antonio Virdis, one of last Belgrade with the squad but season's top goalscorers.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

SHARPEN TILAT WINNING EDGE

NORTH 7 KQ1103 * A765 EAST + 187 : 8765 : A 16 ^ KQ432 SOUTH + A K 2 7 A 9 4 0 10 9 8

The bidding: South West North East Pass 1 NT Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of : When we first met Robert Sheehan of London more than two decades ago, we were impressed with his talent. Since then, as a stalwart of the British team, he has done nothing to make us change our opinion. Watch his textbook play on this hand from the World Team

Olympiad. In typical British style, North-South were playing weak no irump opening bids (12-14 points) North's two diamonds was a transfer to

East-West vulnerable. South hearts, and the right game was reached in quick time. The desenders started with two

rounds of diamoods, then shifted to

a spade. Declarer won in dummy and cashed ace-king of hearts to learn of the bad break. Obviously, the only problem was to avoid losing two club tricks. Declarer took his remaining spades, discarding a club from the table. A diamond ruff completed the elimination, of the pointed suits (spades and diamonds), and the stage was set for declarer to try for his extra chance.

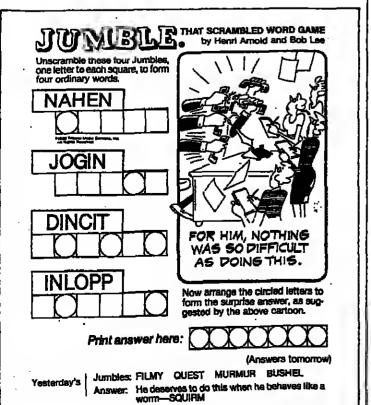
He cashed the ace of clubs and continued with a club to the queeo.

One chance flew out the window when West captured this trick with his king. Now, however, declarer's Down to nothing but spades and di-amonds, the defender was forced to present declarer with a ruff-andsluff. The table's last club disappeared as South ruffed in band, and there was nothing left but high trumps on the board for the last three tricks.

Note that declarer pulled off his end play despite the fact there were still two trumps outstanding. This is a case where a relatively unfortunate lie of the cards worked to declarer's

THE BETTER HALF. By Harris

"You are very important to this company, Parker. Yelling at you keeps the other employees awake!"



NFL STANDINGS

NEW YORK (R) - Standing of National Football League teams after completion of the 10th week of the season on Monday.

> American Conference T

PA

207 261

176

Amateur Boxing Association

(AIBA), said the officials who

gave South Korean Park Si-Hun

a surprise win over American

Buffalo Bills New York Jets 222 193 220 243 Indianapolis Colts Miami Dolphins New England Patriots 5 Central Division Cincinnati Bengals

Cleveland Browns Pittsburgh Steelers Western Division Denver Broncos Seattle Seahawks Los Angeles Raiders San Diego Chargers Kansas City Chiefs

Houston Oilers

National Conference Eastern Division

New York Giants Phoenix Cardinals Washington Redskins Philadelphia Eagles Dalias Cowboys Central Division

Chicago Bears Minnesota Vikings Detroit Lions Green Bay Packers Tampa Bay Buccaneers 2

Western Division Los Angeles Rams New Orleans Saints San Francisco 49ers

Boxing chiefs ban referees

WEST BERLIN (R) - Three secretary of the International referees involved in a controversial decision at the Seoul Olympie boxing finals have been barred from officiating at fights pending a key meeting on the affair next Roy Jones in the Olympic light year, a leading official said middleweight final had been ban-

Karl-Heinz Wehr, general-

ned until March. FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1988

YOUR HOROSCOPE

- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: If "Communication of all types is in you have formulated a plan of action, today's new moon gives you a green light to proceed. Changes and the commencement of new takes a 180-degree turn, and a cool projects normally have a better

chance during the new moon. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Your creative abilities and talents opco-many doors. Remain positive when dealing with touchy family

dealing with touchy family members. A meeting is pleasant.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
Satisfy friendly folks you know.
Avoid noisy rabble-rousers by selecting quiet places to play and relax. A romantic fling is low-key.
GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)
Your freewbeeling attituda makes you a soft touch. Count your pennies along with your blessings.
Discord and conflict have passed.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jol. 21) Someone fudged on the budget, and now there is a tight aqueeze. Stay calm, and nail down a new budget before the holidays.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Nothing ages you less than happiness. To-day will be harmonious. You may meet the person you've been looking for. Keep your eyes open.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) It is

an easy day to exprese yourself.

1 Wedge
5 Nice
thanksgiving?
16 fammarskjold
13 Opera song
14 Singer Bobby
16 Carte start
18 Set Bilko

Profit or loss Fontanne's

male 20 Pronto 22 Per

22 Pet peeve 25 Magnificen 26 Maia ania 27 Neilher's

31 Walked
32 in flames
34 Outwitted
35 Towel work
37 These
38 Davenport
39 Droop
40 Composer
Hamilsoh
41 Give off
42 — majasty
44 Guney Rose

44 Gypsy Rose 45 Trap 46 Fortify 48 Piled up 50 Court game

52 Actress Anderso

53 "They're

80 Rooter

61 Acted in

way 62 Mona — 63 Cobb and

Ladie Circula

DOWN

1 Ninny 2 Princely

Playing

9 To come 10 "Call Ms

12 Wickel 14 in — veritas 17 U-boats

Mister" star Guinness

A feast -

23 Fanciful 24 "Oh God" : 25 Mrs. 240

32 Dental gp. 45 Sound 33 Buddhist sect 47 Blockhead 35 Old hat 49 Hollow form 36 Down-to-earth 50 Gentle 40 Spots on tots 51 Wharf 43 Sp. lady: abbr. 55 Dove co.

partner Informs on Walked

THE Daily Crossword by S.E. Wilkinson

affair warms up. Get in physical

shope with an improved lifestyle. A social event holds a surprise. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Forgive and forget. Maka a call to a distant family member who has been waiting patiently. Spend time with children who need support. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Get in high gear today as a heavy workload piles up. Allow tor some free time to yourself. Use cau-tion to avoid accidents.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Don't get down on yourself over situations beyond your control. There is no need to start over again.

Move on, and keep a stiff upper lip.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

If you feel that you don't look as good as you feel, take sction to remedy the situation. Get a close companion involved. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) It

you have too many irons in the fire, slow down the pace. Finish projects and tie up loose ende to give yourself some free time.

Yesterday'a Puzzie Solved:

LEAF MEAT SEDAN
OLLIA ARLO AMERY
AMEO TOTO HOLTE
OCTOBOULITILE
ANDE MEE
LESSEN AIDE SPA
AMATI DMILL SLAG
HER ICALPRACTICE
ENTE CODY PRIEST
COD FLOO
SURGEONGELERAT
ARSER SOYA FAME

Japan 57 Help out

58 Haltucinoos

Sugar Ray wins two championships in 1 night

LAS VEGAS (AP) — Sugar Ray Leonard won two championships on the same night and made boxing history the old-fashioned way: he earned it.

Leonard got up from a fourthround knockdown to knock down Donny Lalonde twice in the ninth round Monday night and became the first fighter ro win at least pieces of titles in five weight

Leonard won the World Boxing Council light beavyweight title, which had been held by the Canadian, and the new WBC super middleweight title.

"I'm in the twilight of my career. I don't have 100 many fights left, naturally," the 32-year-old Leonard said before the

However, be did not talk about retiring.

"I want to go bome, enjoy my family, Thanksgiving and Christmas, and we'll think about those guys another time," he said.

He meant guys like Michael Dunn, the International Boxing Federation Middleweight Champion, and Thomas Hearns, who before Monday night had been the only man to win four world

For a brief moment in the fourth round of the fight at Ceasars Palace, it looked like midnight instead of twilight for Leonard's career.

"I got lackadaisical," Leonard said, "and be timed it perfectly." What Lalonde timed was a smashing right to the jaw that put Leonard down. He got up quick-ly, took a standing 8-count, and withstood Lalonde's assault the

rest of the round. "I found out I'm not a lightheavy and these guys hit a lot harder. They are much bigger, much taller," Leonard said.

"A couple of rounds I just wanted him to come to me,' said. "If you noticed, a couple of rounds I had him reaching in. That was my game plan - to frustrate him. After Lalonde went down for

the second time in the ninth round, referee Richard Steele didn't even bother to count, but rushed to Lalonde's aid as Leonard threw his arms high in triumpb.

Lalonde, 28, seemed to have Leonard in trouble earlier in the ninth when a flurry of punches backed Leonard up. But Leonard fought back and suddenly nailed Lalonde with a right hand and followed with a flurry of punches that put the defending champion

Lalonde struggled up at two and took a mandatory 8-count. Then Leonard resumed the attack and smashed him to the floor, where Lalonde remained for several seconds. He would not have beaten a 10-count. The time was 2:30 of the nimh.

"I thought I had him hurt a number of times," Lalonde said. 'He's a tough guy to finish off. 1 should have jumped on him. I should have fought a more aggressive fight. I just wasn't digging deep enough.

Leonard went down at 1:27 of the fourth round, and Lalonde landed several more head shots but Leonard escaped further

Leonard moved to the attack in the fifth round, when he scored with several left jabs and a couple hard rights to the head. In the sixth round, Leonard continued his assault, with punching left jabs and several three-punch combinations to the head.

Leonard burt Lalonde with a right and then followed with six punches to the head that had Lalonde holding on in the seventh. Lalonde fought back in the eighth, with four good lefts to the bead that sent Leonard back to the ropes, where Lalonde scored with four more punches,

Then came the ninth, and it looked as though Lalonde might have Leonard in serious trouble. but Leonard called on his champion's heart to turn the tide.

"I'm not only fighting and old welterweight, but an old, far wel-terweight," Lalonde said after Leonard weighed in at 74.8 kilogrammes Monday morning. Lalonde scaled 75.7 kilogrammes one pound under the super middleweight limit. The light heavyweight limit is 79.4 kilog- Leonard said of Lalonde. "Hell.



Sugar Ray Leonard and Donny Lalonde pose before their bout

Leonard might not have been the dazzling fighter be once was, but be still had determination and

Leonard's previous championships were the undisputed welterweight title, the World Boxing Association junior middleweight title and the WBC middleweight title.

Hearns' titles include WBA welterweight, WBC super welterweight. WBC light heavyweight and WBC middleweight.

"The Leonard of 1981 (when be beat Thomas Hearns) was someone to be in awe of," Lalonde had said before the fight." "He was a great fighter then; time takes its toll.

There were indications Monday night that time might be catching up with Leonard.

"I knew the guy could fight,"

he fought like a champion." Lalonde did give an estimated crowd of 12,000 in the outdoor

arena their money's worth. "He's a hell of a fighter," Lalonde said. "He was a better man tonight."

For Leonard, the victory was his 35th and his 25th knockout. He has lost once. Lalonde now is 33-3 with 26

knockouts. Leonard earned a minimum of

\$15 million from the match, which was shown on pay-per-view and closed-circuit. Lalonde earned about \$5 million.

There had been some disparaging remarks about the fight also being for the junior middleweight title, a class launched four years ago by the WBC and was being recognised by the WBC for the first time Monday night.

"They say it's contrived," Leonard bad said. "Every title means something to me.'

SPORTS IN BRIEF

English star fined

GLASGOW (AP) — England international defender Terry Butcher was fined \$850 by a soccer disciplinary panel Monday for kicking the door of the referee's room after his team, Glasgow Rangers, had lost to Aberdeen. A committee of the Scottish Football Association found 29-year-old butcher guilty of bringing the game into disrepute as a result of the Oct. 8 incident at Aberdeen's Pittodrie stadium,

Rangers, which leads the Scottish premier division standings, lost the game 2-1.

Rehe will meet Evert in round 2

CHICAGO (AP) - Californian Stephanie Rehe will face Chris Evert Tuesday after defeating Larisa Savcbenko of the Soviet Union in a marathon first-round match in the \$250,000 Virginia Slims of Chicago tennis tournament. Rehe, 19, relied heavily on loss to overpower Savchenko, 3-6, 6-4, 7-6 (7-4). Rehe ended the two hour, 16 minute battle with a sbot that just fell inside the sideline to win the crucial tie breaker.

her double backhanded passing shot in rallying from a first-set

Fluminense qualifies for championship

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) - Fluminense beat Guarani 5-3 and clinched a berth in group a for the finals of the Brazilian National Soccer Championship while Vasco Da Gama blanked Atletico Mineiro 2-0 to move within a victory of nailing down a playoff spot in the group b. Fluminense defeated Guarani at Rio's Maracana stadium Saturday on penalty kicks, following a 0-0 tie in regulation time, to qualify with a total of 27 points with only one game remaining in the first half of the tournament. Under new rules this year, a victory in regulation time brings 3 points. while a win by penalty is worth 2. A loss by penalty kicks is worth

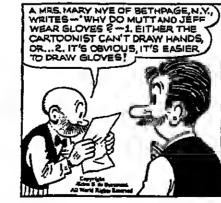
Peanuts







Mutt'n' Jeff









Andy Capp





Polish workers strike over Gdansk closure

GDANSK (AP) — A small shipyard went on strike Tuesday to demand preservation of the Lenin shipyard, birthplace of the outlawed Solidarity trade

Solidarity Icader Lech Walesa. meanwhile, led more than 6,000 workers in a rally at the Lenin yard apposing a government order to shut it down.

There is no freedom without Solidarity and God." read a banner hanging from the main gate of the Wisla shipyard in Gdansk's Stogi district. Strike hanners also hanged from a side gate of the vard that makes barges and river

Management at the Wisla shipyard refused to confirm any work stoppage at their yard, but a spokesman said directors were all in a meeting about "a problem."

"At the moment, nothing is happening," he repeated. The spokesman, contacted at the yard's headquarters, hung up when asked to give his name. Reporters who went to the

Wisla yard saw the strike hanners and were told by vard workers that several hundred of the 1,000 employees were rallying and a strike was declared.

In addition to demanding preservation of the Lenin shipyard. Poland's largest, the Wisla workers called for rehiring of workers fired for strikes in August and for relegalisation of Solidarity, ban-ned after Poland's December 1981 martial-law crackdown.

Walesa, battling to save the Lenin shipyard, said there were no immediate plans for a strike there. He stopped short of proclaiming a nationwide "strike alert." as he had said he might

The open-air rally at the Lenin yard, attended by Walesa, Solidarity supporters, members of the official trade union and management, lasted nearly 45 minutes. It was attended by virtually all the first shift of 6,000-7,000 workers. Solidarity spokesman

Management denied reporters access to the event. We had the rally," Walesa said, emerging to speak to repor-ters aherward. "We heard that the

Wisla shipvard is at a standstill, We don't want to have it (a strikel here, because previously we fought for the others."

The Solidarity leader - who came under attack in the official press Monday for threatening strikes — said: "The Lenin shipvard is not going on strike for the time being. We are not even announcing an alert. We are just waiting for the reaction all over the country. We are ready to execute any manoeuvre, at any moment.

At the rally, he said, workers passed a resolution appealing to everyone to struggle to preserve the cradle of reforms and cradle of Solidarity.

The government announced Oct. 31 that the yard would be closed Dec. I because it was losing money and draining state subsidies. Solidarity said other enterprises in the country were in worse shape. It called the closure a politically motivated attack.

The closure order came as Walesa negotiated with the government on proposed talks about the country's future. The so-called "round table" would be unprecedented, involving Solidarity and other social groups.



An Afghan rebel displays a captured rocket-propelled grenade and shoe on a mountain-top military post overrun by rebels near the main Kabul-Jalalabad highway.

Afghan rebels move closer to Jalalabad

fSLAMABAD (RI - Afghan guerrillas seized the government garrison at Ganikhel between Jalalahad and the Khyber Pass. killing 73 soldiers, rebel sources said Tuesday.

Several hundred Mujahideen guerrillas overran the garrison 40 kilometres from Jalalabad Monday night, capturing 142 soldiers and militiamen and 25 tanks and vehicles. Twenty-six rebels were killed or wounded, they said by telephone from the Pakistani city There was no independent con-

firmation. In the past week Westernbacked rebels have reported eap- bani, chairman of the seven-facturing more than half the main road between the Pakistant border in the Khyber Pass and Jala-

Kabul Radio said Monday SS-1 missiles fired from the capital had destroyed a guerrilla ammunition dump in the south of Nangarhar Shultz Wednesday.

province. A rebel news agency said three missiles landed in the province bordering Pakistan ithout causing damage, Meanwhile the head of the

Afghan rebel alliance began official talks in Washington Menday as the United States reaffirmed its position that the rebels should exercise restmint in attacking withdrawing Soviet troops.

A U.S. senior official indicated that Washington was unlikely to respond to the visit with more arms for the alliance, in part because the rebels had sufficient

The visit by Burhanuddin Rabtion Mujahideen coulition fighting the Soviet-backed regime in Kabul, is considered by the Reagan administration a symbol of continued strong U.S. support

He will meet President Reagan and Secretary of State George

September after anti-government rioting. The state radio also said au-

potation (BBC).

Radio has announced that all

courts will be closed until April in

Burma, where hundreds of peo-

ple have been arrested since mid-

June 1, 1988 and 31 March 1989, It said the court Itoliday was necessary because travel and

ress in courts to do so within statutes of limitations. Riots in March and June flared into a nation-wide revelt against a generation of repressive rule,

ruling party and judiciary, and quickly named a new exuit

Burmese dissidents and foreign arrested at the time of the propremisers held incommunicado without charge.

reunification of the country, it the military high commands in must be guaranteed by the with- the North and South. It proposed converting the dedrawal of foreign armed forces militarised zone which divides and hy arms cuts hy North and the Korean peninsula into a South, and it must be realised through dialogue between the peace zone. "It the United States truly parties responsible for the wants a relaxation of the tension

The mandate of the neutral

Impartite talks between North

and South Korea and the United

North Korea said the prop-

aganda war between the two

Koreas should stop, there should

be an end to large scale military

manoeuvies and direct telephone

aggravation of tensions. The communique vaid the in the Korean peninsula and imfounding of a Democratic Con- provenient of North Korea-U.S. federate Republic, to be known relations, it should not pretend to as Korya, was the best way to give favour with extremely lisolve the reunification question, mited steps such as partial cultu-It proposed the withdrawal of rid exchanges, diplomatic con-

N. Korea unveils

reunification plan

Tuesday unveiled a plan for their armed forces to 400 (NN) by reunifying the Korean peninsula the end of 1989, to 250,000 by the

and said it would send letters to end of 1990 and to less than

The North Korean central nations supervisory commission

news agency, monitored in in Panmanjon should be ex-

Tokyo, published a communique tended so that it could inspect

proposing a phased withdrawal of and confirm the withdrawal of

U.S. forces from South Korea, U.S. forces and mutual troop

The communique was issued by States would be attended by Po-

North Korea's Central People's land, Czechoslovakia, Switzer-

Committee, a top state decision- land and Sweden, members of the

making body, the standing Com- supervisory commission, who

mittee of the Supreme Peuple's would report on troop withdraw-

Peace must be oriented toward. links should be opened between

U.S. nuclear weapons from South tacts, and the sale of lood and

Burmese military

closes down courts

BANGKOK (R) - Rangoun Min, a 42-year-old lawyer, "had

Assembly, a parliamentary body, als and reductions.

arms ents by North and South and reductions. North Korea said.

the United States and South 1110,1001 in 1002.

Korea about the proposal.

an easing of political and military

confrontation between the two.

and the administrative evuncil, a

North Korea said peace in the

Korean peninsula had to he

based on four principles.

phases by the end of 1991.

cahiner hody.

Korea in two phases by the end of drugs. 1990, and of U.S. forces in three. The The United States announced a partial lifting of sanctions against It also proposed that both North Korea Oct. 31

TOKYO IR) - North Korea North and South Korea reduce

Child-star wants towork with Bush

WASHINGTON (AP) — Former child star Shirley Temple Black, who has served Republican administrations in several diplomatic posts, says she wants to he head of the U.S. Information Agency if George Bush is elected president. The one-time darling of 1930s movie fans auditioned for the part on a television interview hroadcast, saying her years in films and government have prepared her to run the United States' main voice abroad. "I haven't told George Bush this yet. I should tell him before I tell you. But I would like to be the director of the United States Information Agency," Black said in a taped appearance on the CBS news "Nightwatch" programme, Black, 60, lit up the dark days of the Great Depression in the Un-ited States as the nation's top box office star between 1935 and 1938. Her eareer began at age three and her curly hair and adorable smile brought her world fume and an Oscar by the time she was six.

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New Dorothy to see the wizard

HENDERSONVILLE. Tennessee (API - Seven-year-old Morgan Matlock will be off to see the wizard next year when she stars as Dernihy during Hollywood's 511th anniversary celebration of 'The Wizard of Oz." "I'm going to meet all kinds of neat people. said the second-grader. She was chosen for the role while in Low Angeles last month appearing on the television game show "Card Sharks." The television appearance was part of the \$10,000 in prizes she won in September in the Miss Junior America Petite Pageant in Orlando, Florida. "I'm looking forward to meeting Liza Minnelli especially. Gosh, yes, I'll love that," Morgan said.

Chef refuses to pay for meals

SYDNEY IAP) - A former chef whit dines at expensive restaurants and then pleads poverty has been convicted for the 54th time of refusing to pay for a meal. Paul Charles Dozsa, 48, dubbed 'the restaurant runner'' by local newspapers, was fined \$160 for refusing to pay a \$50 bill at a Chinese restaurant. The following day, he dined out at the five-star Shetaton-Wentworth hotel, then told the staff he could not pay the \$48 cheek. He was fined \$200 for that offence and ordered to compensate the restaurant. Dozsa pleaded guilty to the charges, saying he was "in a state of inchriation. Police said Dozsa gave his address as a coffee shop, whose staff told reporters they knew Dozsa but always checked if he had money before serving him as he had frequently refused to pay.

Reynolds plans to -do a good deed

UPITER, Florida (AP) - Actor Buri Reynolds plans to do a good deed for Patm Beach county. where he grew up, by setting episodes of a new series here in a move that could boost the local economy. Reynolds, who lives in this Pathe Beach county resort town, plans to return to primetime television in "B. L. Stryker," a series of six two-hour epixodes. Reynolds plays a Vietnam veteran and retired New Orleans vice policeman who returns to his home in west Palm Beach. He and Tom Selleck, of the old "Magnum, P.I." series, are the executive producers. With each of the episodes hudgeted at \$4 million, the county economy could get a hefty infusion during the next six month

Queen's dogs on the couch

LONDON (AP) - Oueen Elizubeth II's pet Corgi dogs are heing treated by an animal psychologist because of their bad record in hipping members of the reyal household. The Mail Sunday reported. Buckingham Palace relused to comment on the report. "I dan't think we'd like to comment on that kind of story." siid a palace spokesman who by custom was not identified. The paper said guardsmen, policemen, footmen and even the royal elockwinder have all fallen prey to the Corgis nips. The dogs are being seen by animal behaviour specialist Dr. Roger Mugford. who firmly believes in counselling uwners as well. The Mail Sunday said. The present generation of royal Corgis, according to the paper, are named: Spark, Mist, Sable, Diamond, Kelpie Phoenix, Piper, Chipper and

Deaths rise above 900 in Chinese earthquake

PEKING (R) - The death toll from a powerful earthquake that jolted southwestern China Sunday has risen to more than 900. Chinese officials said Tuesday.

They told Reuters that the

number of casualties could use still further as reports came in from remote villages along the mountainous border with Burma. 'The death toll as of I p.m. today stood at 939." said a Civil

Affairs Ministry official in The quake, measuring 7.6 on the open-ended Richter Seale, jolted the mountainous Lancang

Lancang is home to 392,000 people, many of them members of ethnic minorities.

Canada's stock, bond and money

markets Monday after a poll was

released showing the opposition

Liberals heading towards an

overall majority in the Nov. 21

But analysts say the mood of

the electorate is fickle and with

two weeks to go, the campaign is

A Gallup poll published by the

Toronto Star said the Liberals

were on the way to winning a

majority in parliament with the

support of 43 per cent of decided

Prime Minister Brian Mul-

roney's Conservatives, who en-

tered the campaign well in front.

were second with 31 per cent

support. The left-leaning New

Democrats were tast with 22 per

The Canadian dollar as well as

the stock and bond markets fett

sharply on concerns that the pro-

Runcie said the Church of Eng-

land, mother church of the com-

munion, could not accept clergy

ordained by a woman hishop so

long as her episcopate was not

"In view of a number of ques-

tions being raised. I have decided

to make a statement to the synod

on the recent election of a woman

as a bishop in the United States."

officially accepted.

still seen as too close to call.

and Menglian counties of Yunnan

"Most of the deaths are in Lancang county," the Civil Affairs Ministry official said,

"We are still collecting data," Officials said they had no tally of the number of injured in the poor and mountainous region.

Authorities in Yunnan province planned to airlift tents, food and medicine to the stricken area. officials in the provincial capital of Kunming told Reuters.

Medicul teams and the People's Liberation Army were rushed in to betw while seismological experts were on the scene, they

The People's Daily said Tuesday that houses were toppled in 10 counties and that a road linking Lancang and the nearest large town. Simao, had been cut.

polls spooks Canadian markets

OTTAWA (R) - Fear struck business Conservatives would be with its largest trading partner

unable to pass legislation im-

plementing free trade with the

The Liberals, claiming the

country will be overwhelmed by

the United States in the deal, say

they will not pass the measure if

elected. The New Democrats and

the Liberals are expected to block

the deal if the Conservatives win

only a minority of seats in the

Toronto stock exchange, Cana-

da's largest, fell more than 75

points in heavy trading of nearly 27 million shares.

The Canadian dollar dropped nearly three-quarters of a U.S.

cent to fall under the important

81 U.S. cent mark, despite heavy

intervention by the Canadian

central bank. The bond market

Church of England not ready

Annivsts said the prospect of

Canada reaching a free trade deal weeks ago.

also closed sharply tower.

The leading index on the

House of Commons.

Liberal showing in opinion

United States.

Thirty-six tremors have been recorded in the border region since Sunday Two aftershocks measured over seven on the Richter Scale and two more of six were recorded.

The quake was felt across a 700-kilometre sweep of the region. Tourists in Kunming, about 400 kilometres away from the Burmese border, told Reuters by telephone that hotel ceiling lamps swayed but they had not seen damage to buildings in the city.

Premier Li Ping was quoted by the official New China News Agency as offering his condolences to families of the victims and urging government departments to make "utmost efforts" in the rescue.

attracted a lot of foreign invest-

ment over the past several

months, which in turn sparked a

rally in the Canadian dollar and

But now the so-called "hot

"All that hot money that every-

money" is getting nervous, trad-

one was trowing about is now flowing out," said Kevin Vander-

plank, vice-president of money

trading at Bank of America

Political analysis, however, be-

heve the campaign is far from

over and the wide swings in the

public opinion polls indicate

Canadians are unsure of which

party they really want in power.

apswing since Turner scored a

number of blows against Mill-

roney in televised debates two

The Liberals have been on an

other investment.

Canada in Toronto.

ers said.

Gandhi denies kickbacks

NEW DELHI (AP) - A top Indi- Congress Party, said Tuesday. an opposition leader accused backs in a Swiss Bank, but a and several other newspapers. charge was a lie.

the Swiss Bank Corporation in the bank. Geneva.

posits were made to the account in connection with the purchase of Swedish Hawitzer field guns by India, in a contract valued at \$1.4 past two years has been plagued hittion. A Gandhi aide reiterated the

prime minister's earlier denials by saying the charge was a lie and Singh's statement represented the 'an act of political mudslinging."

well. He can stoop to any level for accusation. Earlier charges fogetting political mileage." Sitar- cused on Gandhi's friends and am Keshri, treasurer of Gandhi's associates.

Singh's accusation was pubconceasting \$5.2 million in kick- pro-government Times of India Gandbi aide said Tuesday the Singh gave what he said was the number of an account held by Vishwaaath Pratap Singh, Gandhi, but a hank spokeswoman president of the four-party Janata in Geneva said the combination of Lok Dal Alliance, told reporters numbers and letters he pravided Gandhi had a secret account at did not match the format used by

In a Sunday statement, Singh Singh charged that three de- pledged to retire frum politics if Gandhi could prove his information wrong.

The Gandhi government for the by allegations that \$50 million in kickbacks were paid to agents involved in the artillery deal. But first instance of Gandhi being "We know V.P. (Singh) too directly named in a detailed

thorities had arrested a man charged with feeding falsehoods to the British Broadcasting Cor-Citing disruptions caused by months of political turnicil, the radio Tuesday said all courts would be deemed closed between

idministrative restrictions made it difficult for people seeking red-

causing the collapse of the socialist government, economy, judici-

ary and school system.

The military council which seized power Sept. 18 brutally crushed dissent, abolished the old

false rumours to the BBC. He had to be detained and charged." "Arrangements are being made to take legal action against him." added the tadus, monitored in Bangkok. Burma's military rulers have repeatedly accused the BBC, the

been sending fabricated news and

Voice at America and toreign news agencies of distorting the The radio said the lawyer, also

known as Win Shwe and using a codename "Eastern Star," admitted he had fed rumours and groundless information to BBC reporters daily since August.

Western diplomats contacted in Rangoon said large numbers of troops were patrolling the capital Tuesday to prevent any attempt by Buddhist monks to hold antigovernment rathes

They said monks had been arrested or taken in for questioning alter leastets attributed to a Buddhist youth organisation called for demonstrations Wednesday if the ruling military enuncil did not make way for a civilian government to supervise elec-

The radio said security forces diplomats said many of those Monday shot dead two "suspiclous persons" who tried to flee tests were pro-democracy idvo- when summoned to explain why cates and lower echelon pulitical, they were violating the curiew They were posthumously iden-

thout charge. thed as an ex-conver and a Ratho Rangoon also said Nay "wayward" person, it said

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Mafia vendetta erupts in courtroom

courtroom Monday when an accused gangster threw a makeshift bomb at a rivat group of defendants. Court officials said the bomb a cigarette pack stuffed with explosive — fell short white target and blew up near a bench of defence lawyers, letting off a cloud of smoke Jurors rushed for the exit but no one was injured. Court officials said the bomb was thrown by Sicilian Antoninis Marano, one of 18 defendants on trial for ordering a string of murders, apparently in revenge for a shooting incident in a separate mafia trial in October last year. On that occasion Marano, 44, was the target when clan rival Nuccio Miano smuggled a pistol into court and opened fire. Two police guards were wounded but Marano was unscathed.

U.S. navy launches Trident missile

CAPE CANAVERAL (AP) - A Trident 2 missile was launched on a successful test flight Monday, seven weeks after one of the submarine weapons was mistakenly blown up in flight. The navy reported the \$23.7-million missile met its test objectives after blasting off a land launch pad at 1630 GMT, with an unarmed wathead package. The Trident 2 has a range of nearly 9,650 kilometres, but the navy did not disclose how far the three-stage weapon travelled Monday. The target area was in the Atlantic Ocean. It was the 12th success in 16 test flights for the Trident 2. which will be the U.S. navy's most powerful nuclear weapon when it becomes operational.

Huge diamond found in West Africa

Stay of execution for Gandhi killers

TURIN, Italy [R] - A matia vendetta erupted in a Turin NEW DELIII (R) - India's Supreme Court Tuesday further

SYDNEY (AP) - An Australian oil company said Tuesday it had found a flawless 181.77 earat diamond, reportedly worth more than 10 million dollars (\$8.2 million). Commenting on reports of the find in Australian newspapers. Bridge Oil spokesman Steven Koroknay said in an interview that the gem was located in August at the Aredor mine in the Republic of Guinea. West Africa. Although a fraction of the size of the world's higgest diamond, the more than 3,000-carat Cullinan found in South Africa in 1905, Koroknay said the find was of world significance. Koroknay said the diamond has a "D"colour rating, the highest

stayed the execution of two Sikhs convicted of the 1984 assassination of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. It extended a previous stay to Nov. 16 so that a lower court could hear a counterclaim by one of the accused. Execution warrants on Satwant Singh, one of the two bodyguards who shot Gandhi and Kehar Singh, convicted of cohoptracy, were signed Sept. 12. The second awassut, Beaut Singh, was killed by other bodyguards moments after the killing on Oct. 31, 1984.

Mig-21 crashes in New Delhi

NEW DELIII JAPI - An Indian air fisrce MiG-23 fighter plane crashed in the western outskirts of New Delhi Tuesday, injuring at least nine people on ground, the Detence Ministry and police suid. The pilot of the single-sent plane, Squadron Leader R. Malhotra, haded out safely before the arreraft crashed on a cluster of houses near a state-run health centre at Najatgarh, defence spokesman T.G. Mallamathu said. The area is about 25 kilometres west of New Delhi's city centre. At least nine people on ground were hospitalised with unspecified intuities, police said. Three houses were also damaged in the crash. The cause of the crash was not announced immediately, but the United News of India news agency said the plane hat a hard. High-souring vultures and other hirds occasionally are sucked into jet engines of ageraft in the New Delhe area.

Japanese firm makes amends for offensive dolls

SAN FRANCISCO (R) - A Japanese company is donating \$2511,000 in toys to needy California children as part of an apology for selling little black "Sambo" dolls that American blacks said were racially offensive. Santto Inc. a Japanese toymaker which has a subsidiary in the San Francisco area, was criticised this summer in a Washington Post newspaper article for selling black-faced toys with kinky hair and big lips. Donald Tamaki, legal counsel for Sanno, said Monday that the company had stopped selling the dolls, a move that cost it \$15 million, and plantied to donate \$250,000 in toys to needy children through a San Francisco firefighters' toys for tots project. The black Sambo toys were distributed only in Japan.

to accept women clergy yet The Reverend Barbara Harris. LONDON (Agenciest -Archbishop of Canterhury a 58-year-old divorcee, hecame on to accept women bishops. Robert Runcie said Monday the the first Anglican woman bishop Church of England could not yet when she was elected in September in Massachusetts after the the Church of England. accept women clergy ordained by other Anglican churches but Lambeth Conference of Anglican At the request of Lambeth stressed that the 70-millionhishops voted in favour of consecstrong Anglican communion was rating women bishops in August. still united. Although she has not yet been

"It seems clear enough that the consecrated, which could take up Church of England does not canonically accept the ministry of either women priests or bishops of other churches — unless and until ccelesiastical law is from the communion. changed." Runcie said.

The archbishop, spiritual lead-Zealand Anglicans also had er of the worldwide communion. ctate women bishops. was speaking at the opening of a five-day Church of England

have been ordained by the synod, a parliament of laity, clermostly by the U.S. episcopalians.

bars women priests and refuses to allow women ordained ahroad In preside at holy communion services in England.

to five months, her election sparked a major row, with traditionalists calling on the American Anglican Church to withdraw Runcie said Canadian and New

stated they were ready to conse-About 1.200 women priests

world's Anglican churches. The Church of England still

But the church is moving towards ordaining women and is expected, in 1992-1993, to make a final decision, which requires approval by England's parliathen, the church will certainly go said John Miles, a spokesman for

Conference, Runcie set up a commission to inquire into the guestion of women's ordination in an attempt to keep the Anglican communion united. The issue of women bishops

came near to splitting the 525 bishops at Lambeth hut traditionalists and liberals reached a compromise by passing a resolution allowing churches to consecrate women hishops while stipulating that this did not mean acceptance of the principles invidved.

The ordination of women priests was adopted by the Lambeth Conference in 1978 and has been practised since in the United States, Brazil, Hong Kong, Canada. New Zealand and Australia. But the consecration of women

as bishops posed a special problem because it struck at the very heart of the loose fabrie holding the Anglican church together communion, or the bishops' recognition of each other.